Guaranteed Bona-Fide, Every-Day Circulation Larger Than That Of Any Other Daily Newspaper Published in Wilmington.

OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN THE STATE.

THE MORNING STAR.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
One Year, by Mail, $5.00
Six Months, " 2.50
Three Months, " 1.25
Two Months, " 1.00
Delivered to Subscribers in the City at 45 Cents per Month.

VOL. LXIV.—NO. 87. WILMINGTON, N. C., SATURDAY, JULY 1, 1899. WHOLE NO. 9,945

The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

Peace and quiet reign in Samoa. —Negro soldiers passing through Nevada to San Francisco raided a saloon at Winnemucca, shot the barkeeper, wrecked the bar and stole all the liquor. —Bradstreet's review reports the strength of the general business situation unabated. —Rioting continued in Brussels early yesterday morning, but quiet was finally restored; it is said the government capitulated. —Captain Dreyfus arrived at Brest, France, and is expected at Rennes this morning. —Havana newspaper says General Brooke is to be sent to the Philippines, and Mr. Robt. P. Porter will be appointed Governor of Cuba. —Applications for commissions in the volunteer regiments are pouring in. —Boise Ables, negro rapist, was hanged at Baxley, Ga.; the execution was without incident. —About 3,500 reinforcements have been dispatched to Manila this week. —General Del Kemper died yesterday. —New York markets: Money on call strong at 5@5½ per cent., the last loan being at 9 per cent.; cotton steady, middling uplands 6 1-16c; flour rather quiet, but steadily held at old figures; wheat—spot firm, No. 2 red 80½c; corn—spot steady, No. 2 40½c; oats—spot steady, No. 2 white 32@32½c; rosin steady, strained common to good $1.32½@1.35; spirits turpentine firm.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., June 30.

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 67 degrees, 8 P. M., 73 degrees; maximum, 79 degrees; minimum, 66 degrees; mean, 72 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .23; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, 4.95.

Stage of water in the river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M., 3.3 feet.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Heavy showers occurred during the past twenty four hours in the Eastern districts and over Texas, and light showers over the lower Mississippi valley. It is much cooler in the Carolinas and Georgia.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, June 30.—For North Carolina: Fair Saturday and probably Sunday; continued low temperature; light north to northeast winds.

Port Almanac—July 1.

Sun Rises	4.49 A. M.
Sun Sets	7.18 P. M.
Day's Length	14 H. 31 M.
High Water at Southport	2.07 P. M.
High Water, Wilmington	5.37 P. M.

Gov. Pingree says he is for McKinley, with several "ifs," and they are pretty large-sized ifs, too,

The catch of shad on the American coast this year is estimated at 13,000,000, an increase of 150 per cent. over 1885.

As China is going to pull down her wall, it is about time we did something in the way of lowering our Chinese tariff wall.

There will be no shortage of "French sardines" this year. The catch on the coast of Maine is about twice as large as last year.

There will be some "pickin's" for the fellows who are inside the ring in Chicago this year. The city is going to spend $11,000,000 on street improvements.

Donations to charitable and educational institutions in this country within the past six years aggregates $303,800,000, counting only donations of over $5,000.

China has decided to have that old wall pulled down and it is said a Chicago man has taken the contract. There are brick and stone enough in it to build three cities like Philadelphia.

Mrs. Dodge, of New York, who recently returned from Europe, didn't succeed in dodging the customs officers and consequently $100,000 worth of sparkling jewels fell into their clutches.

A young man in London claims to have resuscitated drowned cats and dogs by covering their bodies with dry salt, which he says draws the water from the lungs. He thinks this would be equally effective in the case of human beings.

Carolina and Atlantic Hops.

Delightful club hops were held in both the Carolina and Atlantic Club houses, on Wrightsville Beach, last night. Very many young people went down on the 7.15 o'clock Seacoast train last night and these, together with club members and visitors on the beach, combined in affording large crowds at both hops, representative of the very best social life of the city. Then, too, quite a number of fair visitors participated. Among them were Miss Lilla Young, Winston-Salem; Miss Cotten, Tarboro; Miss Valandingham, Miss Heath, Charlotte; Miss Robertson, Columbia; Miss Bryan, Raleigh; Miss Broadfoot, Fayetteville; Miss Weller, Covington, Ky.; Miss Wiley Jones, Columbia.

LOCAL DOTS.

— Ex-policeman I. C. Winner has been appointed a temporary deputy by Sheriff MacRae for duty at the Beaches.

— Only one unimportant case came up in the police court yesterday. As the offence was trivial the offender was released.

— Nearly all the liquor dealers called at the Sheriff's office yesterday, paid the tax and secured their license for the ensuing six months.

— Frank Spicer submitted before Justice McGowan's court yesterday to assault and battery and disorderly conduct. He was taxed with the costs.

— Justice G. W. Bornemann performed a marriage ceremony last night at 8.30 o'clock. The contracting parties were Mack A. Johnson and Mary E. Swindell.

— During the month of June Register of Deeds Biddle has issued licenses for the marriage of twenty-five couples, twelve of the number being white and thirteen colored.

— The County Commissioners were again in session yesterday, examining the tax valuations, but nothing will be given out for publication until the regular July meeting Monday.

— Willie Rothwell, a small colored boy, had his right arm severely gashed yesterday afternoon by a knife in the hands of a playmate with whom he had been engaged in a fight. Dr. McMillan dressed the wound.

— Mr. W. H. Biddle, Register of Deeds, advertises this morning that schedule B tax is due and payable on the first day of July on liquor purchases, livery stables, public ferries and toll gates. See the notice.

— Yesterday afternoon policeman Leon George arrested David Neill, on Ann between Sixth and Seventh streets, for disorderly conduct, in that he failed to move a ladder from the sidewalk when ordered to do so.

— Superintendent of Streets Perry had his force of hands engaged yesterday in repairing the damage done by Thursday's rain storm. Many of the sewers and drains that became blockaded with sand were opened and other repairs made.

— The Delgado Cotton Mills Company has purchased from Edgar Howe, colored, of Boston, an acre of land adjoining the site for the new mill near the Mineral Spring. The deed was placed on record yesterday. The price paid is $150.

— Mr. H. S. Schwartz, an employe of the Atlantic Coast Line shops, had his right foot severely lacerated in a boring machine yesterday morning. He was removed to his home, No. 618 South Third street, and is being attended by Dr. D. W. Bulluck.

— The Atlantic National Bank gives notice through the STAR this morning that the usual semi-annual dividend of three per cent. has been declared, payable on and after July 1st. With resources of over one million dollars the Atlantic guarantees safety, and its large facilities for business afford every accommodation.

— Raleigh *News and Observer*, June 30th. "Miss Flora Creech, Governor Russell's stenographer, will be succeeded by Mrs. E. W. Sawyer, of Wilmington. Miss Creech will be Collector Duncan's stenographer. This is a great compliment to Miss Creech. By the change she secures an increase of salary from $600 to $800 a year."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Notice—Schedule B tax.
Street Railway Co.—Notice.
Mercer & Evans—Stylish shoes.
Atlantic Nat'l Bank—Dividend notice

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Thos. F. Bagley—For rent

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. B. J. Hover, of Columbia, is in the city on business.

— Mr. W. J. Croom, of Maxton, spent last night in the city.

— Mr. Howard Weeks, of Greensboro, arrived in the city yesterday.

— Mr. Jas. Rushing, of Hillsboro, was a visitor in the city yesterday.

— Mrs. E. C. Robinson, of Baltimore, Md., is in the city on a visit to relatives.

— District Attorney C. M. Bernard, of Raleigh, is in the city on business connected with the government.

— Mr. H. B. Blackwell, son of Rev. Calvin S. Blackwell, D. D., is at home for the Summer vacation from the University of Virginia.

— Mr. J. A. Snow, a clever young gentleman of Dobson, N. C., is spending several days in the city. It is likely that he will travel for the J. C. Stevenson Co.

— Miss Mabel A. Elliott, a charming young lady of Fayetteville, is visiting in the city, the guest of her cousin, Miss Annie Taylor, on Seventh and Grace streets.

— Mrs. Walter Kingsbury and Mrs. Joseph Rice, of this city, left yesterday for Salem, Va., where they will be the guests of Mrs. Rice's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Stronse.

— Misses Cecelia and Teresa Quinlivan are on an extended visit to relatives and friends North. Before returning they will spend some time in Rochester and Buffalo, New York, returning by way of Niagara Falls.

STRONG RESOLUTION.

Business Men Recommend to Aldermen Repeal of License Tax Regulation.

MEETING AT NOON YESTERDAY

Merchants Claim That All Legitimate Enterprises Should be Exempt From Privileges—Committee to Present Sentiments to Board.

Yesterday at noon, pursuant to adjournment Thursday, a number of the business men of the city met at the rooms of the Merchants' Association for the consideration of the privilege tax question.

Mr. B. F. Hall was called to the chair and Mr. T. W. Clawson, of the *Messenger*, and Mr. J. E. Thompson, of the STAR, were made secretaries. Those in attendance were Messrs. W. E. Worth, J. C. Stevenson, R. M. Wescott, Wm. Niestle, J. F. Rulfs, I. M. Bear, W. J. Penny, C. M. Whitlock, C. C. Covington, W. B. Cooper, B. F. Keith, S. H. Fishblate, George O. Gaylord, L. H. Burnett, R. R. Stone, C. Ed Taylor, G. J. Boney, B. F. Penny, C. D. Foard, W. A. French, L. B. McKenzie, B. F. Penny, E. N. Penny, P. Heinsberger and A. D. Wessell.

Mr. Hall, in taking the chair, stated that the meeting was called for the purpose of formulating some plan by which the merchants and business men of the city could secure relief from the burdensome privilege tax now being enforced by the present city administration and to invent some plan to be submitted to the Board of Aldermen, which would raise sufficient revenue for the city's expenses and at the same time work no hardship on the business interests of Wilmington.

Mr. B. F. Keith opened the discussion by saying that the committee of Aldermen had misinterpreted the text of the protest filed against the excessive tax some time ago; that the petitioners did not contend that the privilege tax measure was a creation of the present Board of Aldermen, but that the protest was filed against the *enforcement* of the same as a careful examination of the petition would show. He explained that twenty cents per month on sales virtually amounted to $2.40 per year on the hundred dollars if the hundred dollars invested was re-invested and the money "turned over" at least twelve times per year as it usually is in a thriving business where there is no surplus capital. This, he said, covered entirely the propositions embodied in the petition.

Mr. W. E. Worth was of the same opinion as Mr. Keith as regards the re-investment of capital, taking the ground that when capital is invested and re-invested, the purchases being sold over and over again, the tax is in proportion to the progressiveness of the business man in turning over his money. The privilege tax derived from business men in the city, he said, amounted to only about $14,000, exclusive of privileges paid by liquor dealers and itinerant enterprises. He thought such a tax could easily be derived from other sources on a much more equitable basis. If there was one thing that had driven capital away from Wilmington, it was the iniquitous privileges and he favored their abolition altogether. It might appear hard at first for the city to deny itself of the money derived from this source, but it would ultimately end in a blessing to Wilmington. But for this tax he knew of at least from two to three million dollars that would have been invested here by outside parties. Mr. Worth said he favored giving every man an opportunity to live and that the levy of a privilege tax for earning an honest livelihood was not countenanced by the constitution.

Mr. R. M. Wescott also opposed the regulation and cited instances of men with capital who had been deterred from locating here on account of this tax.

Mr. C. C. Covington also favored the abolition of the tax and called attention to the discriminating features of the ordinance. Cotton and naval stores men were taxed in addition to the regular license of $1.00 only $4.00 per month, when the volume of their business was greatly in excess of that of the average wholesale merchant. Capital, to his own knowledge, had been driven away by excessive taxation.

Mr. W. J. Penny thought it folly to ask the Aldermen for a complete abolition of the tax and proposed a fifty per cent. reduction, from the fact that a moderate tax would drive out itinerary merchants of an undesirable character.

Mr. S. H. Fishblate thought the matter should be fully ventilated. Taxes were so excessive that it was hard for Wilmington merchants to compete with other towns. He complimented the personnel of the Board of Aldermen and called attention to the heavy debt incurred by the different boards.

Mr. I. M. Bear favored the appointment of a committee to confer with the aldermen looking to the abolition of the tax, and if this could not be secured to ask for a minimum rate.

Mr. J. C. Stevenson said that a rate of twenty cents per hundred was excessive and that the Board of Aldermen admitted that such a rate would raise twice the amount of revenue necessary if the tax was fairly collected. He suggested a recommendation to the Aldermen that the rate be reduced to ten cents per hundred and that the business men pledge themselves to give in their sales fairly. He said, however, that the time was ripe for the repeal of the law; it militated against the investment of capital. As an offset to the loss of revenue resulting from an abolition of the tax, he said that there was a new valuation of property and a natural increase in new buildings; a reduced rate had been secured on the city's bonded indebtedness and that the present city administration was an economical one and is making large savings for the city. Even allowing a fair reduction on the valuation of real estate, there would be surplus enough left to warrant the repeal of the present privilege tax regulation. The aldermen knew that that they could not legally enforce the collection of the privilege taxes, as the Schedule B tax had been tested in the Supreme Court and a decision rendered that goods purchased in another State, brought to North Carolina and sold in original packages, were not liable to purchase tax, but that in the light even of this decision he thought there was no good citizen who would attempt to evade it, but would be willing to bear his part of the city's burden. He characterized the tax as a most onerous one and an incubus in the way of progress.

Mr. Keith moved that the tax be abolished, and it was promptly seconded by Messrs. Geo. O. Gaylord and C. D. Foard. Mr. W. E. Worth asked that he be allowed to amend the motion, which was done. The following resolution was then offered by Mr. Worth, and after discussion by Messrs. C. M. Whitlock, R. M. Wescott, Wm. Niestle, C. D. Foard and others, it was carried by a unanimous vote:

Resolved, That it is the sense of this meeting that all license taxes on all permanent business interests—merchants, manufacturers, artisans and professions—be abolished, excepting such as are levied for police regulations and others of an itinerant nature.

Resolved, That a committee of three be appointed by the chairman to present this resolution to the Board of Aldermen.

Messrs. W. E. Worth, J. C. Stevenson and I. M. Bear were appointed by Mr. Hall, the chairman, as the committee named in the resolution.

Mr. W. B. Cooper, who retired before the vote was taken, explained that he could not vote for the resolution from the fact that he had assurance from a member of the Board of Aldermen that a fair adjustment of the matter would be made satisfactory, he thought, to the merchants.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Regular Meeting Yesterday Afternoon. Superintendent of Health's Report for the Month of June.

Only routine business engaged the meeting of the Board of Health yesterday afternoon at its regular session for the month. Members present were Mayor Waddell, Capt. W. R. Kenan, Dr. W. D. McMillan, Superintendent of Health, Dr. F. H. Russell and Dr. G. G. Thomas.

Architect H. E. Bonitz, who had heretofore been before the Board of Aldermen, was present to make a request that he be allowed to make some slight excavations in order to prosecute some work on the Solomon building, corner Front and Market streets. His request was granted provided that same be done under the supervision of the Superintendent of Health.

Mr. Alex. Adrian, of the firm of Adrian & Co., complained of an open sewer under his store at corner of Dock and Front streets. During the rain Thursday afternoon the floor of the store was completely flooded and considerable damage done. The matter was referred to the city engineer.

The report of Dr. McMillan, Superintendent of Health, shows that for the month of June 54 deaths have occurred 9 male white, 13 female white, 14 male colored and 18 female colored. Four transit permits were granted but no bodies were brought to the city for interment.

During the month 2,574 inspections were made by the Health Officers, 2,474 of the premises being found in fair condition and 100 in bad condition. There were none of the premises in need of immediate attention. Sixty-one special visits were made and 925 lime and acid orders were issued. The city carts removed during the month 1,382 loads of garbage and 69 permits for the removal of earth were granted. Six cases of typhoid fever have been reported.

State Secretary Here.

State Secretary W. M. Lewis will speak at the Young Men's Christian Association Sabbath afternoon at 5:30 o'clock to men only. It is thought best to have the men's meeting though it be the first Sabbath of the month, as it will be the only opportunity Mr. Lewis will have to speak to men only. Mr. Lewis will deliver a short practical talk which will interest the young men of Wilmington. He is a very forcible speaker and always awakens interest in the workings of the Association.

There will be some good music. Mr. Russell will sing and in connection there will be in all probability a good choir and several instruments. A warm welcome is extended to all the young men of Wilmington.

Low Water in the Cape Fear.

The steamer *A. P. Hurt* arrived yesterday from Fayetteville a few hours late on account of low water, but cleared in the evening as usual. The *Driver* also cleared yesterday afternoon with a heavy freight for Fayetteville, but as the water is rising she does not anticipate further trouble on account of water. The steamer *E. A. Hawes* did not arrive from Clear Run yesterday, but is expected down today.

CAROLINA CANOE CLUB FOURTH OF JULY RACES.

Two Handsome Silver Challenge Cups Purchased Yesterday—They Will be Appropriately Inscribed.

The Carolina Canoe Club members are making extensive arrangements for their annual races to be held on July 4th in Banks channel, Wrightsville Beach. Indications are that there will be quite a number of entries of thoroughly trim and fleet canoes. The club has decided to award first and second class challenge cups. They will be held by the winners subject to the call of the club, and it is probable that during the remainder of this season races in which these cups will be the principal prizes will be of almost weekly recurrence.

Yesterday the club officers called at Honnett's jewelry store, on Front street, and purchased two lovely silver cups as challenge prizes. On one of them, the taller and most handsome of the two, Mr. Honnett will put the following inscription:

First Prize,
Carolina Canoe Club,
First Class.

The second cup is prettily designed, and on it will be the following inscription:

First Prize,
Carolina Canoe Club,
Second Class.

DEATH OF W. B. SCATTERGOOD.

Former Manager of Postal Telegraph Office Here Died in Atlanta Yesterday.

Telegrams were received in the city yesterday announcing the death of Mr. W. B. Scattergood, formerly manager of the Postal Telegraph Company's office in Wilmington but at the time of his death manager of the Postal office at Atlanta, Ga.

His death occurred at his home in Atlanta yesterday morning at 3.30 o'clock at the age of forty three years, and soon afterwards the news was received here with sorrow by his host of friends.

Mr. Scattergood came to Wilmington from Birmingham, Ala., in February 1890 to take charge of the Postal office upon its establishment here. He remained as manager of this office until August 1896, when he was promoted to the position of manager of the office in Atlanta.

The Postal Telegraph employes in Wilmington speak in the highest terms of the deceased gentleman. He was a member of a number of fraternal orders in this city, among them being the Fraternal Mystic Circle and Tar Heel Conclave No. 375, Improved Order of Heptasophs. In the latter order he carried insurance to the amount of $3,000.

The funeral will be from his residence in Atlanta at 2.30 o'clock this afternoon.

THE SUNBEAM CLUB.

Miss Alderman Has Forwarded Collection of Books to Odd Fellows' Orphanage.

[*Oxford Orphan's Friend.*]

The name of Miss Mary L. Alderman will live in the memory of our children until a mighty destroyer enters the world and removes the numerous landmarks established by her along our pathway. This lady is at the head of a Select School for young people in Wilmington which bears her name, and her success is lodged in her power to create in the young a thirst for knowledge. One of the features of Miss Alderman's School is the Sunbeam club. For several years this Club has appeared in concert before polit audiences in Wilmington, to which a small admittance fee is charged and the proceeds forwarded to the Home. Knowing our great needs Miss Alderman invested the net proceeds of her recent entertainment in a number of good, new, handsome books and forwarded them to the the Home. Like her school, the books, too, are select, and, judging from the selection, we confess she is endowed with excellent taste and judgment. Her collection embraces the books complete by G. A. Henty, from the press of the Mushon Company; the Tattered Tom Series, from the press of Porter and Coates, and numerous handsome books from the Press of The E. P. Lepton Publishing Company.

Monthly Police Statistics.

Fifty-one arrests have been made by the police during the month of June, 42 of the offenders being colored, 38 white and 1 croatan. The offences for which the arrests were made in their order are as follows: Drunk and down, 18; drunk and disorderly, 16; disorderly conduct, 12; fighting, 8; selling beer without license and on Sunday, 6; riding bicycles on sidewalks, 6; bathing in river, 5; assault and battery, 3; disorderly house, 2; fast driving, 2; adultery, 1; larceny, 1; rescuing prisoners, 1.

Negro Badly Cut.

Two negro boys, Walter McKoy, and William Gore, engaged in a fight back of the Front street market yesterday afternoon and the McKoy boy was badly cut on the arm by his assailant. Later, a warrant was issued for Walter Gore by Justice Bornemann. The boy's mother brought him to the justice last night, and he was sent to jail in default of a $50 bond, the charge being assault with a deadly weapon. The trial will be at 10 o'clock this morning.

Mammoth Sea Turtle.

Messrs. W. N. Harriss, C. G. Southerland, Jr., and Graham Farmer last night captured a mammoth sea turtle in front of their cottages on Wrightsville Beach. The turtle weighed seven hundred pounds and when found it had imbedded itself about two feet in the sands. The "catch" afforded no end of sport for "seasiders" in the vicinity of the capture.

ON CAROLINA BEACH.

The First Bicycle Meet of the Season Was a Great Success.

RACES CALLED AT 6.30 P. M.

The Racers Scored Good Records—The Prizes Were Won Very Much Within the Prescribed Time Limit. The Details.

The bicycle races on Carolina Beach yesterday afternoon were a big success. There was a large crowd of spectators and the racers made specially good time the condition of the beach considered. A Northeast wind caused the tide to ebb very slowly thereby delaying the races and making the beach where the races were run rather heavier than it would otherwise have been. Dispute these advise conditions the racers entered heartily into the contest and first prizes were won by J. Hardy LeGwin, Alfred Jewett, Clarence K. Davis, G. W. Phillips and second prizes by J. Hardy LeGwin John E. Platt, Fred Russ and J. A. Price.

The steamer *Wilmington* carried down a large crowd on the three o'clock trip, many of them bound for the Beach to witness the races. The wheelmen and race course officers were also on board the steamer.

When they reached the beach they found the tide a little too high and it was almost 6:30 before the races were called. This was quite a disappointment to many who were obliged to return to the city on the next boat and therefore were deprived of the pleasure of witnessing the races. However there was still a goodly company of spectators when the races were called.

For some time before the races Master Arthur McDonald amused a and astonished a large company of people by his trick-riding feats. He rode on the Oceanic Hotel piazza. It will be of interest to note in this connection that the rendezvous for the great majority of the race spectators was this popular hotel and Proprietor R. A. Jenkins and Messrs G. Frank and Robert Jenkins were untiring in their efforts to minister to the comfort and pleasure of every one.

The Races Called.

The first race on the programme when time was called by Starter Jno. W. Wright was a half mile novice, and Clarence K. Davis bore off the first prize, a set of gold studs, making the run in 1 minutes and 10 2-5 seconds. The winner of the second prize, a pair of adjustable handle bars, was Fred Russ, who reached the goal little more than a second after Davis. All the other racers made good time. They were W. E. King, Willie Blake and J. H. Laughlin.

The race for the Carolina Beach championship medal, quarter mile course, was the second race called. The medal was won by J. Hardy LeGwin, who made the run in 30 seconds. Jno. E. Platt came in a close second and bore off the second prize, a gas bicycle lamp. Others racers, all of whom made good records, were Alfred Jewett and Jas. K. Forshee.

G. W. Phillips was the winner in the half-mile race, open to riders who did not compete for championship medals. He made the run in 55 seconds, winning the first prize, a pair of bicycle pedals. J. A. Price won the bicycle bell, which was offered as a second prize. Other racers were W. E. King, Willie Blake, J. J. Louchlin, R. L. Sellers and Fred. Russ.

The last and most important of the series of races was for the one-mile championship gold medal. The racers were Alfred Jewett, Vance Montgomery, John E. Platt, James K. Forshee, J. H. LeGwin and J. R. Sellers. The race was exceedingly close, Alf. Jewett reaching the goal in two minutes and J. Hardy LeGwin coming in scarcely a second behind him, with the other racers close in his wake. LeGwin was awarded the second prize, a handsome gold ring.

As stated in yesterday's paper, the judges for the races were A. P. Yopp, C. H. O'Berry and W. F. Morriss. Frank Turrentine was referee and Claude Fisher, Harry Helm and W. L. Jacobs time-keepers.

The racers and a large crowd of beach visitors came back to the city on the *Wilmington* last night, arriving here at 10 o'clock.

The Ball Game To-day.

The game of base ball between the A. C. L. and O. A. N. teams will be called at 4 o'clock this afternoon. It is conceded that the sharpest rivalry yet developed this season is now at red heat between these two favorite teams. The odd score of one game to the credit of the O. A. N. team will cause the A. C. L. boys to play especially fast ball. The line up will be as follows:

A. C. L.		O. A. N.
Morton	c	Zellers
Sweeney	P	Watson
Sinclair	1 b	Moore
Genaust	s s	Orrell
Jones	2 b	Jackson
Schutte	3 b	Hatch
Sellers	l f	Davis
Jones, E.	c f	Turrentine
Moore	r f	Dock

Some Coming Ball Games.

Negotiations are pending for base ball games on the Hilton diamond July 14th and 15th between the Wilmington and Maxton teams. These games are to establish the best two games out of three records between these splendid teams. It is also probable that Wilmington and Tarboro teams will play for the State championship the latter part of July.

THE NEW TROLLEY LINE.

Cars Will be in Operation On the New Brunswick Street Extension Early This Morning.

Some time ago the STAR noted the progress of the work on the new street car line to the Seaboard Air Line passenger depot and this morning the Wilmington Street Railway Company announce that the work has been completed and that a schedule will be in operation on the extension to-day.

The new line, as has been stated before, is built from the S. A. L. depot up Brunswick street, intersecting the belt line at corner Fourth and Brunswick. On this line the regular ten-minute schedule will be in effect between the hours of 8 and 9 o'clock A. M., 12 noon and 3.30 P. M., and from 6 o'clock in the afternoon to 7 o'clock P. M. During the hours this schedule is in effect on the new line, passengers between Fourth and Brunswick streets will have to transfer at the intersection, but at all other times the old schedule will be in effect and a transfer car on the Seaboard in operation.

General Manager Skelding has arranged this schedule so as to give the company's patrons the best possible service. The first period of the ten-minute schedule on the new line is arranged for the accommodation of business men and clerks in that part of the city, who go to their places of business between the hours of 8 and 9 o'clock in the morning. In the afternoon between the hours of 6 and 7 the same idea of accommodating the working people in returning from their business was in view.

The noon period of the regular schedule is for the convenience of S. A. L. passengers, who may come to the city by the 12:05 P. M. train or return by way of the outgoing 3:45 train.

The travelling public will no doubt appreciate Manager Skelding's arrangements in their behalf and accord to the new car line a liberal patronage from the very start.

Jr. O. U. A. M. Election.

At the regular meeting last night the following officers were elected by Jeff. Davis Council No. 63, Jr. Order United American Mechanics, to serve for the ensuing term:

Jr. P. C.—L. V. Grady.
C.—W. M. Sneeden.
V. C.—Geo. R. Perry.
R. S.—John E. Wood.
A. R. S.—A. B. Robinson.
F. S.—G. C. Simmons.
Treasurer—Walter E. Yopp.
Conductor—J. B. Griffith.
Warden—C. J. McKeithan.
I. S.—John Rowan.
O. S.—Jas. Sharp.
Chaplan—John Thomas.
Trustees—John E. Wood, George Harriss, Jr., W. H. Sharp.

The above officers will be installed by Sr. Jr. P. C. Walter E. Yopp on July 7th. The above order was organized here on April 21st, and now has over one hundred members.

Church Notices.

Chapel of the Good Shepherd, Sixth and Queen streets. There will be the usual services on Sunday at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday School at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

First Presbyterian Church, Rev. Peyton H. Hoge, D. D., pastor. Divine service at 11.00 A. M. and 8.00 P. M. Sunday School at 5 P. M. Prayer meeting on Thursdays at 8.15 P. M. Seats free.

South Side Baptist Church, corner Fifth and Wooster streets, Rev. F. H. Farrington, Pastor. Services Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday School at 3.30 p. m. Weekly Prayer meeting Wednesday night at 7.30.

The Seamen's Bethel: Regular religious services will be held to-morrow afternoon at 3 o'clock. Seamen and rivermen are especially invited. All welcome.

Fifth Street M. E. Church, South, Rev. J. H. Hall, pastor. Services at 11 A. M. and 8.15 P. M. every Sunday. Sunday School at 3.30 P. M. Prayer meeting at 8.15 P. M. Wednesdays. Services to-morrow at 11 A. M. by Rev. H. S. Bumpass, Presiding Elder.

Immanuel Presbyterian Church, Rev. Mr. Williams, pastor. Preaching every Sabbath at 11 a. m. and 8.00 p. m. Sunday School at 3.30 p. m. Christian Endeavor Society every Wednesday night. Sewing School Tuesday and Saturday at 3.30 to 4.00 p. m.

The Advent Church, Sixth street between Castle and Church. Preaching by the pastor, Elder E. Picke, at 11 A. M. and 7 45 P. M. Sunday School at 3 P. M., followed by a meeting of the Temperance Loyal League. Prayer meeting Tuesday nights at 7.45.

St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, corner Fourth and Campbell streets, Rev. Alex. D. McClure, pastor. Sabbath services: Preaching at 11 A. M. and 8 15 P. M. Sabbath School at 4 P. M. Prayer meeting Wednesday, 8.15 P. M. All are cordially invited to these services.

First Baptist Church, corner of Market and Fifth streets, Dr. Calvin S. Blackwell pastor; 11 A. M. "A Mid-Summer Message." At 8 15 P. M. "The Tree of Life—or the Romance of the Bible." At 5 P. M., the B. Y. P. U. Subject: "America for Christ." Leader, B. A. Jones, Jr.

Brooklyn Baptist Church, corner Fourth and Brunswick streets. Rev. J. J. Parsons, pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Sunday School at 3.30 P. M. Weekly prayer and praise meeting Wednesday at 8 P. M. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to all services.

Bladen Street Methodist E. Church, southwest corner of Bladen and Fifth streets, Rev. B. B. Culbreth, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 o'clock a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday School at 9.30 a. m. Weekly Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7.30 o'clock. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to attend these services.

Grace M. E. Church, corner of Grace and Fourth streets. Pastor, Rev. A. P. Tyer. Services Sunday at 11 a. m. and 8.15 p. m. Epworth League prayer meeting each Sunday 7.45 p. m. Sunday School, J. H. Davis, supt., 4.00 p. m. Weekly prayer meeting Wednesday at 8.15 p. m. A cordial welcome to all. Visitors to the city especially invited. Seats free.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

The Wilmington Street Railway Company.

Cars to the Seaboard Air Line depot every ten minutes from 8 to 9 A. M., 12 to 3.30 and 6 to 7 P. M., daily.

jy 1 1t

NOTICE.

Schedule B Tax is due and payable on the first day of July, on Liquor Purchases, Livery Stables, Public Ferries and Toll Gates.

W. H. BIDDLE,
Register of Deeds.

jy 1 1t

The University of North Carolina.

Widest patronage and fullest equipment in its history. Faculty, 38; Students, 465; three Academic Courses; three Elective Courses; three Professional Schools; in Law, in Medicine and in Pharmacy. New Buildings, Water Works, Splendid Libraries, Laboratories, etc.

Advanced Classes open to women. Tuition, $60 a year; Board, $8 a month. Ample opportunity for self-help. Scholarships and loans for the needy. Free tuition for teachers. Summer School for teachers. Twenty-four instructors, 147 students. Total enrollment, 644.

For catalogue, address
PRESIDENT ALDERMAN,
Chapel Hill, N. C.

je 20 2w

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

"They fit the feet as nature intended."

STYLISH, SENSIBLE, Shoes for Women.

Women no longer consider fashion before comfort.

The trend of the times is toward elegance, grace, and ease in the matter of apparel, and these requisites are splendidly combined in the famous

"JENNESS MILLER" Shoes for Women.

The glaring faults of women's footwear have been overcome—the crying demand for a comfortable, hygienic shoe has been met.

No other shoe for women is made so skillfully and so carefully, or contains such splendid material as the famous "Jenness Miller" Shoes.

They represent perfection in shoemaking—the ideal of modern footwear.

We are sole agents for this city.

Shoes $3.50 Pr.

MERCER & EVANS,
115 Princess street.

jy 1 3t sa su th

Fifteenth Series.

The Wilmington Homestead and Loan Association

Will on July 1st, start its Fifteenth Series.

Those desiring Stock in this New Series

Should apply early to any of the Officers or Directors.

Six series matured, the last paying 8½ per cent. interest.

As secure an investment as human agency can devise.

Money always ready for borrowers.

Investment may be withdrawn at any time.

Any person can own his home, for a small advance on rent, in about six years

J. C. STEVENSON, PRESIDENT.
H. C. MCQUEEN, VICE PRESIDENT.
J. D. BELLAMY, ATTORNEY.
WM. GOODMAN, C. W. POLVOGT,
J. HICKS BUNTING, J. G. BARRENTINE,
O. M. FILLYAW, N. M. MCEACHERN,
J. H. HARDIN, M. W. DIVINE,
C. C. BROWN, Sec'ty and Treas.

je 16 td

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK.

THE DIRECTORS OF THIS BANK HAVE DECLARED THE USUAL SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF THREE PER CENT., PAYABLE ON AND AFTER JULY FIRST. LOCAL STOCKHOLDERS WILL PLEASE CALL FOR THEIR CHECK.

LEE H. BATTLE,
CASHIER.

jy 1 1t

BATHING CAPS.

Fresh Stock.

JAS. D. NUTT,
Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist,
Wilmington, N. C

je 20 1t

NOTICE.

BEGINNING FRIDAY, JUNE 16TH, AND until September 16th, we will discontinue the delivery of Ice Friday afternoons.

Our Ice Factories will be open

for the accommodation of any one who wishes to send for it.

WM. E. WORTH & CO. CAROLINA ICE CO.

je 15 tf

Vacation Term.

St. Paul's Academy and Parochial School begins Monday, July 3. Continues eight weeks Business Courses and Special Studies, or the Study in which you need help. $6 and $8 for the term. Catalogue and further information on application. R. C. COUNTS, Prin.,
215 North Seventh street.

je 18 2w*

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, $5.00 year, $2.50 for six months, $1.25 for three months, 50 cents for one month to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 45 cents per month for any period from one month to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY)—One square one day, $1.00; two days, $1.75; three days, $2.50; four days, $3.00; five days, $3.50; one week, $4.00; two weeks, $6.50; three weeks, $8.50; one month, $10.000; two months, $17.00; three months, $24.00; six months, $40.00; twelve month, $60.00. Ten lines of solid Nonpariel type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1.00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops Picnics, Society Meetings, Political meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death. Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON. N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, JULY 1, 1899.

A TRUST DESPOTISM.

Yesterday we published something on benevolent trusts, and how the public profited by this "benevolence." Here is a case in point which serves as an object lesson, in illustrating how the tin plate Trust helps the public and befriends the workmen it employs. We quote from the Philadelphia *Ledger:*

"As the result of the inability of the American Tin Plate Company and its employes to agree upon a scale of wages all of the tin plate plants in the country, with the possible exception of four that are not in the Trust, will close at midnight of Friday, throwing out of employment from 40,000 to 50,000 men. At the late convention in Detroit of the Amalgamated Association the wage workers decided to ask an advance of 20 per cent. The Scale Committee had a conference in Chicago with representatives of the Trust, who offered 11 per cent. as a compromise, but this was rejected, as the committee was instructed to accept no less than 20 per cent. In view of the great increase in prices which the Trust has exacted of consumers the demand of the employes is reasonable, but the plate monopoly feels that it has the workers as much at its mercy as the consumers, and it is ready to shut down all of its establishments rather than yield to its operatives a fair share of the profits.

The American Tin Plate Company is probably the most complete monopoly in the United States. Its capital stock outstanding is represented as $18,000,000 preferred and $28,000,000 common. It has been in existence six months, and already the preferred stock is on a dividend basis at the rate of 7 per cent. The actual value of the plants of the company is problematical, but there is no reason to doubt that, like other truts, it is capitalized enormously in excess of vost of duplication of the plant. The American Metal Market, the organ of the trade, said recently that the Tin Plate Trust was entire master of the situation, and could easily regulate production to the requirements of consumption. By shutting down its works it can force prices to high water mark, and, upon resumption, it can guard against a reduction in rates. Its working men, deprived of employment, cannot sell their labor to other employers in the same line of business, as there is no competition. the four mills outside of the trust not being worthy of comparison with it.

"We have said that the actual value of the plants operated by the Trust is problematical. Byron W. Holt, however, in an article contributed to the *American Monthly Review of Reviews,* declares that the real capital of the concern was less than $12,000,000, against which there is outstanding stock of a nominal value of $46,000,000. When the Trust was organized, in December last, American tin plate was being sold at a profit for $2.90 per 100 pound box, 14 by 20, coke tin. The English product was selling at $2.90, duty off. In January the Trust raised the price to $3.20, and by March it had reached $4.10. In the meantime the price of the English plate was increased to $2.80. Mr. Holt charges that about 75 per cent. of the increase of $1.20 difference between the prices of American over English tin plate from November to March must be charged to the 'arbitrary, tariff-given monopoly power of the Tin Plate Trust in America.'

"The 75,000,000 consumers in the United States are the helpless victims of the Tin Plate Trust—helpless unless they shall compel Congress to destroy this tariff-fed monster. The 50,000 employes of the Trust are hopelessly helpless, unless public opinion shall come to their rescue and threaten this rapacious monopoly with legislation that shall put an end to its aggressions."

The *Ledger* is published in the greatest iron manufacturing State in the Union, in the second manufacturing city in the Union, and is a moderate protection paper, but it is opposed to the robbery of the public for the benefit of the favorites of the men who make the tariffs and pay back campaign contributions in that way. The Tin Plate Trust is a fair illustration of trusts in general, for they are all inspired by the same desire to grab and are animated by the same arbitrary spirit towards those in their employ. There is in them all the greed for plunder (for that is what it is) and the essence of despotism. They plunder the public and exercise despotic power over those dependent upon them for the wages they earn and the bread they eat. Will any honest person contend that a system is good which can thus levy tribute upon the public and put the thumb-screws on its workmen, robbing one and making slaves of the other? The millions of consumers may stand the robbery, for that is a mere matter of dollars, but the workmen cannot stand the despotism, for that means the loss of their manhood. That would not only be a bad thing for them but it would be a bad thing for the country, for when they have lost their manhood then they will be told how to vote and will be marched to the polls not to cast their votes but the votes of the trusts which command them, and they will have to do this under penalty of having the trust doors shut against them in the event of refusal.

If there were but a few trusts this would not be a matter of so much importance, but when the bulk of the manufacturing and other productive industries are controlled by trusts, it means that the large majority of the workmen are also controlled by them, not a few men but millions of men. We have too much respect for the manhood of the American workmen to believe that the trusts could reduce them to this depth of servile degradation, but familiarity with despotism accustoms men to it and unconsciously, almost, they may become the pliant tools of the men who desire to use them.

The battle royal will soon be on between the people and the trusts. This will be one of the looming issues in the next Presidential campaign, and more of an effort will be made to control the vote of the workmen than ever before, for by controlling the ballot box and electing men who are friendly or at least not antagonistic to the trusts, is the only way they can hold their grip and survive. They do not apprehend any antagonism from the Republican party, notwithstanding the demagogue anti-trust declarations of Republican platforms. They understand that, and know that it is simply a tub thrown to the whale by the Republican politicians who are trying to checkmate the Democrats who oppose trusts by forestalling them with anti-trust platforms.

This is something in which not only the Democratic party but the people of this country are interested for the Democratic party is fighting the battle of the people in trying to protect them from trust imposition and robbery, and it is fighting the battle of the workmen in trying to protect them from trust despotism.

When one trust can lock its doors and throw idle 50,000 men, we can form some conception of the mighty power for evil a combination of these trusts would be if they decided to act in concert for mutual protection or to carry out any scheme in which they might have a common interest. The trust is essentially bad for it is essentially a robber and a despot.

GOOD ADVICE.

The U. S. Department of Agriculture has recently issued a pamphlet containing extracts from reports and address by eminent Southern writers on agriculture showing the possible value of the cotton seed when fed upon the farm and converted into butter, beef and manure. The figures are interesting and almost incredible, one authority, the President of the State Agricultural Society of Mississippi, figuring the value at $149,000,000.

As cattle are the chief agency in giving the seed this prospective value, we quote the following advice to Southern farmers, by Col. J. B. Killebrew, from the *Southern Farm Magazine* for July:

"The most profitable methods which could be employed in the South would be for every farmer to carry a few well-bred cattle on his farm for milk, butter and beef. The steers should be fattened for market at from three to four years of age. An average of four well fattened beeves sold each year from every farm, with 100 acres of cultivation, would be a source of an immence income to the people of the Southern States, besides adding to the fertility of the soil and making the people independent of outside suplies. There is no good reason why such a course should not be entered upon at once by the farmers and planters of the Southern States. Wild grasses and forage crops enough in the South spring up and blossom, fall and decay, which, if converted into beef, would add millions of dollars to the wealth of the country. The wasted vegetable resources of the South should be converted into tangible wealth, and this may be done with a maximum profit by the raising of cattle, for cattle, next to breadstuffs, are most universally in demand at good prices. Never before was the demand for good breeding stock better than it is now. Raise good stock, not scrub stock, and the profits will be certain and satisfactory."

There is no State to which this more aptly applies than to North Carolina, where there is unlimited pasturage for the greater part of the year, and where cattle are not liable to the diseases which attack them in some other sections and carry them off in great numbers. With its advantages this ought to be a great cattle raising State, and our farmers ought to make a great deal of money that they don't make now.

Gen. King brought back some opinions with him when he came from Manila. One is that "the capacity of the Filipinos for self-government cannot be doubted," and that "they rank higher than the Cubans or the uneducated negroes, to whom the United States has given the right of suffrage." If he wanted any corroboration of his comparison with the Cubans he could quote Admiral Dewey, who said they are "five times as able to govern themselves as the Cubans."

IN ITS ADVANCED and chronic form a cold in the head is known as Nasal Catarrh and is the recognized source of other diseases. Having stood the test of continued successful use, Ely's Cream Balm is recognized as a specific for membranal diseases in the nasal passages, and you make a great mistake in not resorting to this treatment in your own case. To test it a trial size for 10 cents or the large for 50 cents is mailed by Ely Brothers, 56 Warren Street, New York. Druggists keep it.

CENSUS SPECULATION.

There is more or less speculation as to what the next census will show, the estimates of population varying along between 72,000,000 and 77,000,000. Dr. F. H. Wines, Assistant Director of the Census, does not think it will go above 72,000,000, and Dr. H. S. Pritchett, Superintendent of the Coast and Geodetic Survey, predicts that it will show 77,472,000. The rate of increase between 1790 and and 1890 is as follows:

Census Years.	Aggregate Population.	Per Cent. of Increase.
1790	2,929,214	....
1800	5,308,483	35.10
1810	7,239.881	36.88
1820	9,638,822	33.07
1830	12,866,020	33.55
1840	17,069,453	32.67
1850	23,191,876	35.87
1860	31,443,321	35.58
1870	38,558,371	22.63
1880	50,155,783	30.08
1890	62,622,250	24.86

Dr. Pritchett, who seems to have some leisure hours, has amused himself figuring out the increase by decades for the next century, which he presents in the following table:

1900	77,472,000
1910	94,673,000
1920	114,416,000
1930	136,887,000
1940	162,268,000
1950	190,740,000
1960	222,067,000
1970	257,688,000
1980	296,814,000
1990	339,193,000
2000	385,860,000

Whether he includes in these estimates the recent acquisitions from Spain, and other outlying territory, we do not know, but we think a good deal of allowance should be made for a figurative imagination which assumes that the same ratio of increase will be kept up for the next hundred years as for the past. But allowing for all this, it is quite apparent that this isn't a country that it would be an easy job to tackle a hundred years from now. But a good many things may happen in that time.

BOOK NOTICES.

St. Nicholas for July is a delightful number, beautifully illustrated and filled with the most entertaining reading matter, especially for the young reader, but of a character to please all. Published by The Century Company, Union Square, New York.

The July number of *The Ladies Home Journal,* is filled with a fine list of contents, copiously and finely illustrated. As usual the departments in which the ladies take special interest are full and valuable. Published by The Curtis Publishing Company, Philadelphia.

Frank Leslie's Monthly for July is both interesting and beautiful, with its neat print and numerous illustrations. Among others is a very entertaining and instructive descriptive article (illustrated) on the Philippines. Published by the Frank Leslie Publishing House, 141-143 Fifth avenue, New York.

The readers of foreign literature will find *The Electric Magazine* for July a very interesting number presenting a fine selection of articles from the Standard European periodicals, covering a wide arrange of subjects, among others a valuable paper on "Winged Carriers of Disease." Published by E. R. Pelton, New York.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— General Otis complains that the regiments of regulars sent to the front at Manila are inadequately officered. The officers ought to march at the head of the troops; but Alger reverses the order. He sends the soldiers first and the captains afterward.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

—— Every patriotic citizen admires and applauds the bravery of the soldier boys in the Philippines; but every time a Filipino bullet strikes a soldier to death there is a sigh of regret for the brave soldier accompanied by one of sorrrow that he should find death in such a cause and by such an enemy.—*Mobile Register, Dem.*

—— The Treasury experts reckon that the new internal-revenue taxes levied to meet the cost of war will yield about $100,000,000 during the next fiscal year. And it will require every dollar of this revenue, added to regular receipts, to carry the country through the year without a deficit. This is to say, although the war with Spain ended a year ago, Mr. McKinley's war in the Philippines will cost us $100,000,000 a year for an indefinite time to come. And every dollar of this money must be taken out of the hard earnings of they American people. What do the get in return?—*New York World, Dem.*

APPOINTMENTS.

By the Bishop of East Carolina.

July 2, Sunday, fifth after Trinity, M. P., S. George's, Hyde county.
July 3, Monday, E. P., Fairfield.
July 6, Thursday, E. P., Belhaven.
July 9, Sunday, sixth after Trinity, M. P., S. Luke's, Washington county.
July 9, Sunday, sixth after Trinity, E. P., Advent, Roper.
July 12, Wednesday, M. P., S. Andrew's, Columbia.
July 14, Friday, consecration of church, Creswell.
July 16, Sunday, 7th after Trinity, M. P., S. Ionds, Scuppernong.

— Two Steps—"When is their marriage to be solemnized?" "As soon as it has been financed."—*Puck.*

For Over Fifty Years.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Salisbury *Sun*: J. J. Rogers, of Wake, is extensively engaged in canning tomatoes at Apex. Last year he canned 72,000 quarts. This year he will can 240,000. He has contracted with his neighbor farmers for the product of sixty-five acres.

— Chatham *Record*: Mr. Maben Loy, of Albright township, died very suddenly on Wednesday of last week. He had eaten a hearty breakfast, and after breakfast his wife went out in the lot to milk the cow, and when she returned to the house found him lying dead. He was about 58 years old.

— Monroe *Journal*: There was a meeting at the rooms of the Literary Association yesterday afternoon which presaged much good for Monroe, because in it the immediate erection of a cotton seed oil mill was assured, most of the stock necessary having been subscribed, and the remainder in sight. The mill will be of forty-ton daily capacity.

— Weldon *News:* Mr. Luther Marshall attempted to commit suicide at Enfield Tuesday and came near succeeding. He procured a pistol and fired a ball into his right breast. Dr Collins, who was called in to see him, was of the opinion that the ball did not injure the lungs and that Marshall may recover. The pistol used was a self-acting 38 calibre. The ball struck a rib and passed around lodging under the shoulder blade. His right arm is paralized from the effects of the self-inflicted wound.

— Greenville *Reflector*: There is some interest in the result of the third attempt by Sheriff Hahn to eject the negroes who live in the negro town of James City, near Newbern, and who refuse to pay rent or leave. It is learned from Newbern people that the negroes, formed into a mob to resist the sheriff last week, engaged in dances and orgies quite in the Voodoo style and that they were really like savages in their behavior during their dancing. Only negroes reside in James City.

— Hillsboro *Observer*: Mr. Jas. Parks is in the 88th year of his age. He was born in the year 1812, in old Orange county (now Alamance), before the division, and came to Hillsboro in February, 1827. He joined Eagle Lodge No. 71, A. F. & A. M., sixty-four years ago. He has taken all the degrees in the Blue Lodge, in the Royal Arch Chapter and in the Council. He is undoubtedly the oldest Mason in North Carolina, and it may be that he is the oldest Mason in the United States. Mr. Parks is still very active for one of his age, and he takes as much interest in Masonry now as he did when he first joined that noble order, and he never fails to attend the meetings of his lodge when possible for him to do so.

TWINKLINGS.

— He—"You know there never was love without jealousy." She—"How about Adam and Eve?"—*Boston Transcript.*

— Encouraging: She—"Do you think my voice has enough volume?" Professor—"Good gracious, yes; to fill a library."—*Detroit Free Press.*

— His Answer: Daisy Medders (sentimentally)—"Tell me, Abner, why do you love me so much?" Abner Appledry (practically)—"Darned if I know."—*Puck.*

— "What is Miss Willoughby's personal appearance?" "She looks as if she ought to be named 'Clarissa' and have a greyhound tagging around with her."—*Chicago Record.*

— Miranda (visiting city friends)—"My, here's her visitin' card." Miranda's Husband—"What does it say?" Miranda—"It says she's at home Thursdays. Wonder where she stops rest of the time?"—*Tit-Bits.*

— Willie—"So, pa, is every word in the dictionary?" Pa—"No I guess not, my son. Every little while a new one comes into use." Willie—"What's the latest word, then, pa?" Pa—"I don't know. Go ask your mother."—*Chicago News,*

— In a New York Finishing School: Miss Up-to-Date (throwing away her cigarette)—Well, old girl, how did you like Zaza'?" Miss Fin de Siecle—"Oh, it's not altogether bad, but it's not a play I'd recommend to my mother."—*Life.*

— Barkeeper—"Well, Bobbie, what does this mean? You have had about ten pitchers of beer to-day. What is up at your home?" Bobbie—"Papa has a toast to propose at the banquet to-night and is practicing for it now."—*Meggendorfer Blaetter.*

— "Have you heard from your son in the Philippines, Mrs. Parkins?" "Oh, yes, indeed, Mrs. Jones, He writes regularly." "And is his heart in this war?" "I don't exactly know. I judge from what he says that it is in his boots most of the time."—*Harper's Bazar.*

THE POWER OF WILL

He Wanted to Live Four Days, and He Succeeded.

It would be vain to attempt to describe the sympathy for the poor and suffering which William Stokes could throw into his voice, says his biographer. One of the stories he used to tell is of peculiar interest, not only for its revelation of human kindness, but as a proof of the power of the will in prolonging life.

An old pensioner was a patient of Stokes in the Meath hospital. His life was despaired of, and, in fact, his death was hourly expected. One morning, having many patients to care for and believing that the pensioner was unconscious and past help, Dr. Stokes passed his bed without stopping. The patient was greatly distressed and cried out:

"Don't pass me by, docther; you must keep me alive for four days."

"We will keep you as long as we can, my poor fellow," answered Stokes, "but why for four days particularly?"

"Because," was the reply, "my pension will be due then, and I want the money for my wife and children. Don't give me anything to make me sleep, for if I sleep I shall die."

On the third day after this, to the amazement of Stokes and others, the patient was still breathing. On the morning of the fourth day he was alive and conscious, and on entering the ward Stokes saw him holding in his hand the certificate which required signature. As the doctor drew near the dying man gasped:

"Sign, sign!"

The doctor quickly complied, and the man sank back exhausted and within a few minutes crossed his hands over his breast and said, "The Lord have mercy on my soul," and quietly breathed his last.

Doubt About the Weddings.

Mr. Softleigh (slipping on the engagement ring)—Darling, notice that there is no end to this.

Miss Willing—Am I to understand, Harold, that the engagement is to be like it?—Jewelers' Weekly.

A boy grows up straighter if he is bens over his mother's knee judiciously every now and then.—Somerville Journal.

In Hungary there are thousands of villages and hundreds of small towns without a doctor within ten miles.

AN AFRICAN TERROR.

THE TSETSE FLY'S BITE IS SURE DEATH TO ANIMALS.

Science Has Tried In Vain to Find a Remedy For the Sting of the Venomous Little Insect—Its Poison Has No Effect Upon Man.

A pest that fatally afflicts animals, but not man, and has thus far been confined to central and southern Africa, is the subject of a report to the Royal society, in England, by a committee appointed to investigate the matter. The disease in question is the result of a bite by a fly scarcely larger than the common house fly, and though its progress is somewhat slower than that of the poison from snake bite the effect is equally deadly to ox, horse or dog. A sting like that of a mosquito leads to symptoms resembling those of a cold, and the animal grows steadily worse until it dies, perhaps a week or ten days after the tiny wound was inflicted.

The importance of a malady of this sort was so apparent that the Royal society appointed a committee to study its nature and to ascertain, if possible, whether any cure could be found. A good deal of interesting information is presented in the report, but as yet, in spite of some original and thorough experiments, no remedy has been found for the disease. The most that science can recommend at present is a continuance of the protective measures resorted to by the natives, which consist of plastering animals over before they are taken into an infected district with manure and other filthy substances.

The tsetse fly sucks blood, as does the mosquito, and communicates its poison unintentionally no doubt just as mosquitoes are supposed to convey malarial poison into the veins of their victims. The mischief making agent in both instances appears to be a living organism, a microbe, characteristic in the one case of malarial fever and in the other of the strange and fatal tsetse disease. The existence of the latter parasite was discovered by Surgeon Major Bruce several years ago, after a careful study of the scourge. The fly is so abundant and perniciously active in some regions that they cannot be inhabited by horses and cattle. It is a curious fact, though, that man appears to be entirely unaffected by its bite.

The great advances made within the last few years in bacteriology naturally suggested to the Royal society investigators a line of experiment from which, at the outset, it was reasonable to expect much. The first step was to obtain specimens of the microbe, the next was to look into his habits and relationships, and the third was to see what could be done in the way of producing an antitoxin from his poison.

The microbes wanted were taken from the blood of a dog that had been infected with the disease on its way home from Africa. Cultures were then made in the usual manner. Various animals were inoculated with the parasites and attempts were made to produce a serum, such as is obtained for snake bite, diphtheria and tetanus, that would protect animals that had not been attacked and cure those which had. But the system which works so admirably with a few of the best known bacterial maladies does not seem to be efficacious with that which results from the bite of the tsetse fly. Several variations of the standard methods were tried without success. Bile from diseased animals was injected, for instance. So were preparations containing the parasites of kindred maladies. Dieting was also resorted to, but yielded no palliative effects.

The inquiry of the committee was carried on in such a comprehensive manner as to include a comparison with the tsetse infection of somewhat similar phenomena noticed among rats in India and elsewhere. Koch is said to have attributed a plague prevalent among Indian rats to the tsetse parasite. The Royal society committee does not consider the point established, but the identity of the African malady with one observed in Algeria is more probable.

One part of the investigation conducted by the committee related to the kinds of animals that are subject to the pest under discussion. To obtain information on this point, cats, dogs, rabbits, mice, rats, guinea pigs and even hedgehogs were inoculated. They proved susceptible to the disease. At first it was suspected that the guinea pig was immune, but while it responds more slowly than some other animals to the poison it succumbs eventually. No recovery occurred after the parasites had once got into the creature's blood. Not only does the horse die in consequence of a tsetse fly bite, but a hybrid of the zebra and ass does too. No hope of finding a substitute for the nobler animal that would be proof against the disease was afforded by this test. Here, however, are two or three comforting facts, although they have little practical bearing on the problem presented. It seems proved that the disease cannot be communicated by eating the flesh of an animal which has died from it unless some lesion exists in the mouth or food passages. In other words, the poison must be injected into the blood. The virus rather quickly ceases to be infective. Blood drawn from a living diseased animal loses this in three or four days at most, but material taken from a dead animal seems to be powerless after about 24 hours.

The failure of the committee to find any cure for the tsetse disease will be a source of great disappointment to all who are interested in south central Africa and its industries.—New York Tribune.

One Blushed.

A lawyer recently went to bathe and encountered a huge shark. Their eyes met for an instant, when the shark blushed and swam away.—London Answers.

A Great Bargain.

The country store owned by Mr. Jabez Dodd contained such a motley conglomeration in the way of "stock" that a village lounger one day offered to bet that another man could not ask for anything in ordinary, everyday use without Uncle Jabe's producing it.

The two men entered the store, and the challenged party said:

"Got any false teeth on hand today, Uncle Jabe?"

Without an instant's hesitation Uncle Jabe put his hand to his mouth and a moment later held out the hand with a set of grinning teeth in it.

"There!" he said. "I'll sell that set mighty cheap, for my gooms hev shrunk so they don't fit me no more, and I'm goin to have some new ones. If you want these fer"—

But the two men had fled, while Uncle Jabe called after them:

"I'll let you have 'em fer less'n half price!"—Exchange.

QUARTERLY MEETINGS.

M. E. Church, South, Wilmington District.

Carver's Creek, Hebron, July 1-2.
Brunswick, Shallotte, July 8-9
Waccamaw, Zion, July 15-16.
Whiteville, Fair Bluff, July 18.
Wilmington, Grace, July 23-24.
Elizabeth, Bladen Springs, July 29-30.
Scott's Hill, Acorn Branch, August 5-7.
Jacksonville and Richlands, Jacksonville, August 12-13.
Onslow, Queen's Creek, August 15.
Kenansville, Warsaw, August 19-20.
Clinton, Goshen, August 23.

R. F. BUMPASS, Presiding Elder.

YOUNG BOA CONSTRICTORS.

Must Shift For Themselves as Soon as They Are Hatched.

Perhaps you do and perhaps you do not know that the real home land of the boa constrictors is in the tropical countries. Mrs. Boa seeks a sandy place. When she has found it, she coils herself into a great and almost flat corkscrew. Then by just two or three turns of her body she digs a shallow hole in the sand. This is her nest. In this hole she lays about 24 eggs. The eggs are about as large as those bantam chickens lay and are a dark cream color. They are oblong and more the shape of a pecan than of a hen's egg. The shell is not hard, like a hen's egg, but yields to the pressure of your finger, something like rubber.

Having laid her eggs in the nest of sand, the mother boa winds herself into a perfectly flat coil, like a round mat. This done, she gently pushes waves of sand upon the eggs until they are covered from four to six inches deep. Then she settles herself upon the top and stays there for 19 days. At the end of this time a lot of little snakes may be seen pushing their way out from the nest and away into the world to get their own living. They don't show a bit of affection for their mother or for each other, but glide away, probably never to be together again. Is it any wonder, when they get so just after being hatched out, that boa constrictors never like anybody and never have anything to do with people if they can avoid it?

Each little snake measures from 12 to 14 inches in length and is about as big around as a lead pencil. It is said that they eat nothing at all during the first six months of their lives or until they are old enough to catch and crush to death small animals and swallow them whole. The boa constrictor never bites—it has no poison fangs—but always kills by coiling about its victim and crushing it to death. Fully grown, the boa constrictor is 30 to 40 feet long and as big around as the large part of a man's leg.

Alligators are other things that are not "born." An alligator will lay 100 eggs within the short space of three days. Much in the same way as the boa constrictor the alligator deposits its eggs in the sand and usually leaves them to their fate. The eggs are soft and about as large as duck eggs. They hatch out in 21 days. The little alligators are five or six inches long when they come from the shell. Alligator eggs cannot be kept. They wither and dry to almost nothing.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Not His Fault.

Father—Why, when I was your age I didn't have as much money in a month as you spend in a day.

Son—Well, pa, don't scold me about it. Why don't you go for grandfather?—Chicago News.

A LOCAL and CLIMATIC DISEASE

Nothing but a local remedy or change of climate will cure it.

Get a well-known specific,

Ely's Cream Balm.

It is quickly Absorbed. Gives relief at once.

COLD IN HEAD

Opens and cleanses the Nasal Passages. Allays Inflammation. Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. No Cocaine. No Mercury. No Injurious drug. Price 50c. at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size 10c by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York.
ev 1 tu th sa

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged. The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		@	6¾
Standard		@	7¼
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ ℔	12	@	12½
Sides ℔ ℔		@	8
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	6½
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔	5½	@	5¾
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	5¼
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 25	@	1 35
New New York, each		@	1 40
New City, each		@	1 40
BEESWAX ℔ ℔		@	22
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	5 00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	12½	@	15
Northern	20	@	23
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks	51	@	55
Virginia Meal	51	@	55
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@	90
CANDLES—℔ ℔—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	11
CHEESE—℔ ℔—			
Northern Factory	10½	@	11½
Dairy Cream		@	12
State		@	10½
COFFEE—℔ ℔—			
Laguyra	12	@	16
Rio	7½	@	10
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	6½
Yarns, ℔ bunch of 5 ℔s		@	70
EGGS—℔ dozen		@	11
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl.	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-bbl.	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 00	@	4 00
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	5 00	@	8 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5	@	10
Extra	4 35	@	4 50
FLOUR—℔ ℔—			
Low grade		@	3 50
Choice		@	3 75
Straight		@	4 25
Patent	4 50	@	5 00
GLUE—℔ ℔	8½	@	10
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White		@	55
Car-load, in bgs—White		@	53
Oats, from store	40	@	45
Oats, Rust Proof		@	45
Cow Peas	65	@	80
Black Eye Peas	1 00	@	1 10
HIDES—℔ ℔—			
Green salted		@	6½
Dry flint		@	10
Dry salt		@	9
HAY ℔ 100 ℔s			
Clover Hay	70	@	90
Rice Straw	40	@	50
Eastern	80	@	85
Western	80	@	85
North River	80	@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔		@	3½
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern	5	@	7
North Carolina	6	@	10½
LIME, barrel	1 15	@	1 35
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@	18 00
Common mill	5 00	@	6 50
Fair mill	6 50	@	8 00
Prime mill	8 50	@	10 00
Extra mill	10 00	@	10 50
MOLASSES ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogshead		@	25
Barbadoes, in barrels		@	28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads	33	@	30
Porto Rico, in barrels	28	@	32
Sugar House, in hogsheads	12	@	14
Sugar House, in barrels	14	@	15
Syrup, in barrels	15	@	25
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	2 00	@	2 10
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess	9 50	@	10 00
Rump		@	9 50
Prime		@	9 00
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10	@	22
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum		@	1 10
Liverpool	75	@	80
American	70	@	75
On 125 ℔ Sacks		@	47½
SHINGLES, 7-inch, per M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 50	@	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Gran'd	5½	@	5¾
Standard A	5	@	5¼
White Extra C	5	@	5¼
Extra C, Golden		@	5
C, Yellow		@	4¾
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3½	@	6
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Palmo		@	7 00
Mill, Fair		@	6 50
Common Mill	4 50	@	5100
Inferior to ordinary	3 00	@	4 00
SHINGLES, N.C. Cypress sawed			
℔ M-6x24 heart	7 50	@	8 50
" Sap	5 00	@	6 00
5x24 Heart	4 50	@	5100
" Sap	4 00	@	5 50
6x24 Heart	6 00	@	9 50
" Sap	5 00	@	5 50
TALLOW, ℔ ℔		@	6
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon, Northern	1 00	@	2 00
North Carolina	1 00	@	00
OOL per ℔—Unwashed	10	@	15

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., July 1, 1899.

SCHOONERS.

Melborne (Br) 170 tons, Matheson, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

C C Lister, 273 tons, Robinson, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

BARQUES.

Hancock, 348 tons, Parker, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Beware of Imitations!

Consumers should beware of the cheap and inferior washing powders said to be just as good as

GOLD DUST Washing Powder

They are not—there is nothing so good as the genuine **GOLD DUST** for all cleaning about the house. Ask for **GOLD DUST** and insist on getting it. Made only by

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
Chicago St. Louis New York Boston

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, June 30.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Market firm at 35½ cents per gallon for machine-made casks and 35 cents per gallon for country casks.

ROSIN—Market quiet at 90 cents

JOB PRINTING.

JOB PRINTING

BOOK BINDING AND RULING.

THE STAR JOB PRINTING OFFICE, BOOK BINDERY AND RULING ROOMS ARE COMPLETE IN THEIR APPOINTMENTS.

EVERY VARIETY OF PRINTING, RULING AND BINDING DONE NEATLY, EXPEDITIOUSLY & CHEAPLY.

WM. H. BERNARD, Proprietor.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

East Carolina Real Estate Agency.

R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C.

All classes of desirable Real Estate (city and country) bought and sold on Commission. Special attention to Farms and Timbered Lands.

We now offer the following valuable property:

Farm of 143 Acres

in Long Creek village, Pender county—25 acres cleared, balance well timbered. Four acres in strawberries, 2 acres in apple trees. Fine grape vine. Large two-story house. One good New Store House. All necessary out houses. Two tenant houses. Two miles from Montague, a station on Atlantic and Yadkin Railroad; six-teen miles from Wilmington. Fertile land, in a high state of cultivation. A bargain for somebody.

2,000 Acres of Land

in New Hanover county on navigable stream; borders tide water. Three clearings on place—one of 25 acres with house and outbuildings on same; two of 20 acres each; balance well timbered. Twelve miles from Wilmington. Four miles from Castle Hayne, a station on the W. & W. R. R. The nearest point of the land to the Newbern railroad is two miles.

House in Kenansville.

One valuable six room house in Kenansville, Duplin county, N. C., just completed. Known as "Sidewalk Cottage," with nice office on lot; also garden and outbuildings. Located in a desirable part of the town. Kenansville is a pleasant town to live in—famed for its pure spring water and healthy locality. James Sprunt Institute, one of the best schools in the State, is located there.

Fifty Acres of Land

one-half mile from South Washington, on the W. & W. R. R., in Pender county. Borders on county roads. Very valuable for trucking.

Property in Burgaw.

Four good Building Lots in the town of Burgaw, consisting of one-half acre each.

One neat three-room House in town of Burgaw, on lot consisting of one and one-half acres, all set out in strawberries except garden and yard.

A desirable building lot in the town of Burgaw, consisting of one-fourth of an acre, fronting rail road, and it is a corner lot.

Farm at Burgaw.

A desirable farm at Burgaw. The residence and about one-third of the farm within the corporate limits of the town. About twenty acres cleared; six acres in strawberries; one acre in fruit trees and grape vines. All necessary outbuildings. A nice desirable six-room residence. Farm contains 100 acres.

Tobacco and Truck Farm

Containing 265 acres, four miles from Magnolia, N. C., in the great truck belt. About seventy acres cleared; thirty acres of black branch land well timbered with curly yellow pine. Fine meadow land and best range for hogs, sheep and cattle. Five room dwelling, with barn, stables and other out-houses. Nearly a half-acre in prolific grape vines. Lot of apple and pear trees. Beautiful oak and hickory grove surrounding dwelling. Good water. Admirably adapted to tobacco culture, and now has eight acres in cultivation. Also, two tobacco barns. Fences and ditches in good condition.

A Nice Farm.

A desirable farm of one hundred and fifty acres. Fifty acres is within the corporate limits of the town of Burgaw, N. C. Twenty-two acres cleared. There is one nice, new three-room cottage, painted and plastered. Large stables and barns. A tenant's house, and strawberry packing house. A well of very fine drinking water. A nice orchard of 500 young fruit trees, consisting of Japan plums, peaches, pears, apples and figs.

A Real Bargain.

A desirable farm of 272 acres, three miles east of Rose Hill. Fifty acres cleared and in good state of cultivation, balance well timbered. Four-room house on premises. In good neighborhood. Will exchange for desirable house and lot in Wilmington.

For terms, &c., address,
R. G. GRADY & CO.,
Burgaw, N. C.

je 7 tf

For any kind of GOOD SHOES

Call on Us.

We can generally suit even the most fastidious customer.

Be sure and see the "JENNESS MILLER" at $3.50

Be sure and see the DUTTENHOFERS at 3.00

Be sure and see the DUTTENHOFERS at 2.50

Be sure and see the DUTTENHOFERS at 2.00

These are the BEST SHOES MADE, at the price, for Ladies' wear.

The W. L. Douglass Gent's Fine Shoes are Beauties. Try them also.

Fresh supplies constantly arriving.

MERCER & EVANS.

apr 16 tf

At The Unlucky Corner

Springfield Hams

Cheaper than anywhere in the State. Why do you buy that doubtful

BUTTER

When you can get my Fox River Clover Hill brand for

25c?

"Nuff Said."

S. W. SANDERS.

BARGAINS! "THERE ARE OTHERS."

my 18 tf

FORECLOSURE SALE.

State of North Carolina,
County of New Hanover.

By virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed recorded in Book I. I. I. page 175 et seq., of the records of said county, made by George Harriss and his wife Julia A. Harriss, both of the State and county aforesaid, to the Dawson Bank, a corporation created and existing under the laws of the State aforesaid, and whereas, the said Dawson Bank did assign, transfer and set over to Mary McI. Harriss and Julia O. Harriss its interest in said mortgage together with the power of sale therein given, and the lands thereby conveyed, the undersigned will, on the 11th day of July, 1892, sell to the highest bidder, at public auction, for cash, at the Court House door in the City of Wilmington, N. C., the following described lands, the same being the interest of Mary McI. Harriss in the aforesaid mortgage under the said assignment, in said interest more particularly described in Book W. W., page 11 et seq., of the records of said county, the said lands being the partitioned interest of the said Mary McI. Harriss, to-wit:

1st. Southeast part of Lot 1, Block 17.
2nd. And pieces to-wit.: 1st. Being western half of Lot 1, Block 32, and being a corner lot; the other pieces being the eastern half of Lot 3, Block 36.
3rd. Being all of Lots 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, and part of Lot 1. Block 41.
4th. Being entire Block between Fourteenth and Fifteenth and Wright and Meares Sts. Same being Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, Block 327.
5th. Being all Lot 6, Block 34.
6th. Being western part of Lot 4, Block 34.
7th. Being all of Block 329.
8th. Being all Lot 1, Block 18.
9th. Being all Lot 5, Block 33.
10th. Being all Lots 3 and 4, Block 36.
11th. Being all Lot 5, Block 37.
12th. Being all Lot 4, Block 24.
13th. Being all Lot 3, Block 38
14th. Being all Lots 2 and 6, Block 23.
15th. Being all Lot 1, Block 39.
16th. Being part Lots 4 and 5, Block 51.
17th. Being all Lots 1 and 3, Block 40.
18th. Being part Lot 5 and all Lot 6, Block 27.
19th. Being all Lot 4, Block 27.
20th. Being all Lot 1, Block 28.
21st. Being all Lot 3, Block 14.
22nd. Being western half Lot 6, Block 42.

Dated this 10th day of June, 1892.

J. D. BELLAMY.
GEO. H. HOWELL,
Attorneys for the Assignee of Mortgagee.

je 30 9t

The Murchison National Bank.

Capital $200,000.

Our Business Keeps on Growing,

But We are Prepared for All That Comes.

WILL SERVE YOU

Promptly, Accurately, Safely.

We buy and sell Foreign Exchange, and furnish Letters of Credit available all over the world.

H. C. McQUEEN, President.
J. V. GRAINGER, Cashier.

apr 29 tf

Kainit.

Seed Oats, all Kinds.

Seed Potatoes.

GENERAL STOCK GROCERIES.

At Wholesale.

McNAIR & PEARSALL

se 9 tf

S. P. McNAIR,

Wholesale Grocer,

North Water Street.

OFFERS FOR SALE

FLOUR.
RIB SIDES.
D. S. PLATES.
PURE LARD.
LARD COMPOUND.
STAR LYE.
MENDELSON'S LYE.
TOMSON'S LYE.
CRACKERS.
PIC-NIC CHEESE.
SUGAR.
COFFEE.

Rust Proof Oats.
September Mullets.

s 1 tf

WANTED.

5000 pounds Wool.

5000 pounds Beeswax.

HIGHEST CASH PRICES PAID.

Have some rare bargains in Fire Proof Safes.

SAMUEL BEAR Sr.,
12 Market street,
Wilmington, N. C

my 13 tf

Dr. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION FOR WEAK WOMEN.

THE BABY WENT TO BOYLAND.

He sat on my knee at evening,
The boy who is "half past three,"
And the clear blue eye from his sun browned face
Smiled happily up to me.
I held him close as the twilight fell
And called him "my dear little son."
Then I said: "I have wondered for many days
Where it is that my baby's gone!

"I'd a baby once in a long white gown
Whom I rocked just as I do you.
His hair was as soft as yellow silk,
And his eyes were like violets blue.
His little hands were like pink tipped flowers—
See, yours are so strong and brown.
He has slipped away and is lost, I fear.
Do you know where my baby's gone?"

Did my voice half break as the thoughts would come
Of the sweet and sacred days
When motherhood's first joys were mine?
Was a shade of regret on my face?
For close round my neck crept a sturdy arm.
And the boy who is "half past three"
Said, "The baby—he went to Boyland.
And—didn't you know?—he's me!"

—Philadelphia North American.

CUTTING THE WIRES.

After his long illness Gray has so far recovered that we have brought him from Williams down here to Albuquerque, and today I have kept him for hours on the sunny side of an adobe hut, where the warm sunshine and pure air seem to bring back to his cheeks some of the old color which suffused his handsome face when we first went into camp last May.

His wounds have apparently healed, though he still complains of the sore places under his arms, and on chilly nights when he coughs so terribly we are fearful that the wound will break out afresh.

Today he seemed to want to talk of Cuba the first time since his delirium left him, so I let him lead the conversation as he seemed inclined. Glancing up at the mountains, he remarked, "Captain, the clouds floating over those hills remind me of the day we moved up toward San Juan."

"Can't you tell me something of that campaign?" I asked.

"Well, I was thinking of it, and I might as well talk as to think. I still dream about it, or rather I live it all over in my sleep, and I begin to think it will be my nightmare as long as I live.

"I always begin my dreams when we laid down in a little open space in the jungle to let the rough riders and the colored regiments pass. I stretched out on my back and watched the clouds float in from the ocean and roll up the hill till they were lost in the forest.

"Capron's battery came by and turned to the left to take position. I watched the horses straining at the collar, the drivers cursing and the cannoneers jolting on the caissons, and it flashed through my mind that they would soon be 'in it,' and here we lay like drones. Why didn't the call sound?

"Up ahead I could hear the continuous 'crack' of the Krag-Jorgensens, and, gripping my old Springfield tight, I breathed a silent prayer that I might use it.

"I think we must have laid there a full half hour. To me it seemed an eternity before the welcome bugle call 'Fall in!' put us all on our feet. We dropped down into the ditch called a road, and moved forward until we came to a stream. No one thought of taking off shoes or rolling up trousers, but with blanket roll and rifle held at the shoulder we plunged in.

"I heard the 'ping' of a spent rifle ball, and saw the splash as it struck the water. This was the first intimation I had that we were within range of the Spanish rifles.

"After crossing the stream we obliqued to the right, through the chaparral, and I could hear the bullets singing their songs of death as they passed over our heads, clipping leaves and twigs. I am sure I was not frightened. Fear had given place to the intense desire to get into the fight.

"When we reached the open, the order to lie down was repeated, and down we went in the tall, wet grass. The first of the wire entanglements was about 800 feet ahead of us.

"A rough rider passed us, going toward the rear. He said not a word, though his right arm hung limp and the blood dropped from the ends of his fingers.

"At that moment a battery opened to our right in the rear, but we heard no response by artillery.

"The bullets seemed to rain down on us like overripe fruit from a tree that had been jarred by some heavy blow. The enemy evidently had the range of that hill and had seen us lie down, for they were shooting low and the bullets were hissing their way through the grass. Corporal Butler lay beside me, and, leaning over, he said, in his rich Clare county brogue: 'Sargint, do yez hear thim grasshoppers? Well, mebby there won't be miny a poor divil that'll wisht he'd niver bin so clost while they wuz singin.' Poor fellow! Hammond writes me that a 'grasshopper' found him not 20 minutes after I left; not a groan or a quiver, his head simply dropping on his hands.

"While the bullets hunted for us the sun found us. The very earth steamed, and we almost gasped for breath. My thirst became something terrible.

"It makes me thirsty now to think of my awful desire for a drink of water at that time.

"As we lay there a lieutenant of the signal corps, a tall chap, who, as I remember him, looked like you, came out of the jungle and, walking erect, went about 50 yards in front of us, where he coolly adjusted his fieldglass and inspected the works on the crest of the hill. What a target he was for those Spanish sharpshooters! Yet the shower his action called forth did not seem to disconcert him in the least, and when he had finished his survey he returned the glasses to their case, swung on his heel and walked back.

"How I envied him! He was doing something, while there I lay, doing nothing but await orders.

"General Wheeler came by as unconcerned as though on the parade ground. Looking along our line he saw my chevrons and said, 'Sergeant, you take ten men and remove that entanglement!' Here was my chance. I sprang to my feet and, selecting the designated number (I say 'selecting,' because every man wanted to go) we started on the double quick, keeping our bodies bent as low as possible. We were provided with wire cutters, and I set the men at work as soon as we reached the entanglement. Seeing another one about 200 yards farther on I crawled toward it. The fire was getting fiercer and fiercer. I looked back just in time to see one of my ten throw up his hands and fall. I waited a moment to see what the rest would do, but they worked on, paying not the slightest attention to their fallen comrade, and I turned to my self imposed duty. It was no light one either, for the enemy had stretched and woven wire into that tangled mass. They had plenty of time, and their work was well done.

"All of their wires but one were within my reach as I knelt there, and I spent about 20 minutes cutting them. To reach the top one I had to stand. I never cut it. In fact, I had just placed my pliers on it when I felt a blow on my hip and a sharp pain under my left arm, and down I went. Just how long I was unconscious I don't know. When I came to, Colonel Patterson was standing beside me. He asked what was the matter. I started to tell him that I was wounded in the hip, but the blood choked my speech. I was breathing with difficulty and then understood the meaning of the sharp pain under my arm. As you know, the ball entered my left side, passing through both lungs.

"The colonel turned to two men and said, 'Here, take this man to the rear,' then stumbled and fell. Getting up again, with the exclamation, 'Confound it. I've got it myself,' he limped off.

"One of the men wrapped the first aid bandage around my hips and then began the march to the rear. Stretchers there was none, and I was carried by the knees and under the arms to the field hospital. I shall never forget the sights I saw—men lying in all positions as they had fallen. Poor Kelly lay with his head in a ditch, his eyes staring up into the cloudless sky. Staggering boys in blue passed with bandages around their heads or their arms in slings. I felt a sudden tightening of the heartstrings as I bitterly thought: 'So this is war and the path to glory! For this the girls kissed us goodby with tears of pride in their eyes!'

"I felt no special pain. The only trouble was my throat would fill with blood.

"For 12 hours I lay in the grass before a surgeon attended me. They were very busy, stripped to the waist or with their sleeves rolled up and smeared with blood. I seemed to be paralyzed; perfectly conscious, able to hear and see, though I could not speak

"All around me lay the wounded, some of whom awaited the end with calm, firm faces. Their worst pain was over, and in a short time inevitable death would place them beyond all pain.

"One I remember distinctly. He was only a lad of not more than 17, with curly brown hair and big blue eyes. I imagined that he had been rosy cheeked and full of life, but now the pallor of approaching death overspread his features, which wore the strained appearance you so often see on the face of a wounded soldier who suffers and will not cry out.

"A hospital steward came by and stopped to give him a drink. He asked if there was any hope. The doctor shook his head, and, passing his hand gently over the boy's brow, asked if there was anything he wanted, and the poor fellow whispered, 'Write.'

"As near as I can remember he said:

"'Darling Mother—I have done my best and have laid down my life for the old flag. I had hoped to come back to you with the straps you were so sure I would win, but it can't be. Some had to go, and it has fallen to my lot. Don't grieve over me, mother, dear. Tell father how I loved him. Kiss Rose and little Tom for me. Oh, mother, mother, I love you so!' That was all, captain. His pain was over, and another mother's heart was doomed to breaking.

"A short time after this came unconsciousness. I awoke under the surgeon's probe. Then followed the weeks of burning feyer when it seemed to me that the Spaniards were crushing my bones.

"I saw them murdering women and children. Sister was among the victims, and I could see her with outstretched arms begging me to come to her, yet I could not. Then the devils stood around and taunted me, twisting my bonds tighter and heaping fire on my head.

"When I awoke, mother was sitting by the bed. Sister Jennie was there too. Was I dreaming?

"I tried to take mother's hand, but was so weak—could barely move. She saw the movement, and in a moment was on her knees, her arms around my neck and crying and talking as only a mother can. No, I was not dreaming. It was mother, and I was—well, I was too tired to try and think where I was. But here she comes! No, mammy! I don't feel the least bit chilly. The captain and I have been gassing away here for an hour. But I was wondering where you were."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Hebrews and Fish.

Concerning the alleged fondness of the Jews for fish. The American Hebrew says: "In the middle ages the Jews, for the most part, denied their religion to those about them and practiced it in secret. Openly they lived a Christian life apparently—they had to, if they would exist—and as those about them abstained from meat on Friday they perforce did likewise and partook largely of sea food, which the Jewish housewife learned to prepare to perfection. The use of fish on Friday became a custom with them, and, like other ingrained customs, was kept up when the moving cause had long passed away."

An Apt Comparison.

When Tennyson's "In Memoriam" appeared, a certain poet was standing in the Old Corner Bookstore in Boston, turning over the leaves of the new volume, when a literary friend of rare taste and learning in poetry stepped up and said to the poet, "Have you read it?"

"Indeed I have," was the answer, "and, do you know, it seems to me that in this delightful book Tennyson has done for friendship what Petrarch did for love."

This was too fine for the literary friend to forget. That afternoon he called upon a lady on Beacon Hill and noticing a copy of the same book on her table saw his opportunity. After the usual greeting he took up the book. "Have you read it?" he asked.

"Yes," said she, "and I have enjoyed it greatly."

"So have I," said her visitor, "and do you know that in this charming poem Tennyson has done for friendship what Petrarch did for love?"

"Indeed," rejoined the lady, adding with a mischievous smile, "Mr. —— called this morning and said the same thing."

Who it was that originated the apt comparison remains an unsolved mystery to this day.

BLOOD TELLS.

Yes, it is the index to health. If you have bad blood you are likely to learn that you have Rheumatism, one of the most horrible diseases to which mankind is heir. If this disease has just begun its work, or if you have been afflicted for years, you should at once take the wonderful new cure,

RHEUMACIDE.

Thousands have been cured. The Summer season is the best time to take a rheumatic remedy. Nature will then aid the medicine in effecting a permanent, constitutional cure. People with bad blood are subject to catarrh, indigestion, and many other diseases. To be healthy the blood must be pure. RHEUMACIDE is the Prince of blood purifiers.

Sold by Druggists.
Price $1.

At Wholesale and Retail in Wilmington by R. R. BELLAMY.

je 25 1y tu th sa

The State Normal and Industrial College of North Carolina.

Offers to young women thorough literary, classical, scientific, and industrial education and special pedagogical training. Annual Expenses $90 to $130; for non-residents of the State $150. Faculty of 20 members. More than 400 regular students. Has matriculated about 1,700 students, representing every county in the State except one. Practice and Observation School of about 250 pupils. To secure board in dormitories, all free-tuition applications should be made before August 1.

Correspondence invited from those desiring competent trained teachers.

For catalogue and other information, address,

PRESIDENT McIVER,
Greensboro, N. C.

je 27 5w

SEABOARD AIR LINE S.A.L. VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS. DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

TO ALL POINTS

North, South and Southwest.

Schedule in Effect Dec. 11, 1898.

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington 3:20 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:15 P. M., Pembroke 5:35 P. M., Maxton 6:06 P. M., Laurinburg 6:23 P. M., Hamlet 6:53 P. M. Connects at Hamlet with trains for Monroe, Charlotte, Athens, Atlanta and all points South; and with trains for Raleigh, Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington and points North.

Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9:20 A. M., arrives Weldon 11:43 A. M., Raleigh 3:36 P. M., Sanford 5:05 P. M., Hamlet 6:55 P. M., Wadesboro 8:10 P. M., Monroe 9:12 P. M., Charlotte 10:25 P. M., and Atlanta 8:30 A. M.

Train 38—Leaves Atlanta 9:50 P. M. Leaves Charlotte 5:00 A. M. Arrives Monroe 5:45A. M., Wadesboro 6:51 A.M., Hamlet 7:43 A. M., Sanford 9:32 A. M., Raleigh 11:15 A. M., Weldon 2:50 P. M., Portsmouth 5:20 P. M.

Train 38—Leaves Hamlet 8:20 A. M. Arrives Laurinburg 8:46 A. M., Maxton 9.05 A. M., Pembroke 9:31 A. M., Lumberton 9:53 A. M., Wilmington 12.05 noon.

Train 408—Leaves Washington 5:00 P. M., Richmond 9:00 P. M., Portsmouth 8:45 P. M., Weldon 11:10 P. M. Arrives Raleigh 3:14 A. M., Sanford 5:33 A. M., Hamlet 5:07 A. M., Wadesboro 6:01 A. M., Monroe 6:53 A. M., Charlotte 8:00 A. M., Atlanta 2:50 P. M.

Train 408—Leaves Charlotte 9:00 A. M. Arrives Lincolnton 10:20 A. M., Shelby 11:37 A. M., Shelby 11:37 A. M., Rutherfordton 12:50 noon.

Train 402—Leaves Rutherfordton 4:20 P. M. Arrives Shelby 5:40 P. M. Lincolnton 6:56 P. M., Charlotte 8:18 P. M., Monroe 9:10 P. M.

Train 409—Leaves Atlanta 12:00 noon. Arrives Monroe 9:20 P. M., Wadesboro 10:30 P. M. Hamlet 11:15 P. M., Sanford 12:55 P. M., Raleigh 2:00 A. M., Weldon 4:55 A. M., Portsmouth 7:25 A. M., Richmond 8:15 A. M., Washington 12:41 noon.

Train 18—Leaves Hamlet 7:15 P. M. Arrives Gibson 8:10 P. M. Returning, leaves Gibson 6:50 A. M. Arrives Hamlet 7.40 A. M.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8:40 A. M. Arrives Cheraw 10:00 A. M. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5:00 P. M. Arrives Hamlet 6:40 P. M.

All trains daily except Nos. 17 and 18.

Trains make immediate connections at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Macon, Florida.

For Tickets, Sleepers, etc., apply to

THOS. D. MEARES,
Gen'l Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

E ST JOHN,
Vice President and General Manager.

H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Manager.
V. E. McBEE, Gen'l Superintendent.

L. S. ALLEN, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
General Offices Portsmouth Va. ja 10 tf

ATLANTIC & YADKIN RAILWAY.

Schedule in Effect March 26th, 1899.

South Bound Daily No. 52	MAIN LINE.	North Bound Daily No. 53.
6 50 p m	Ar.....Wilmington.....Lv	9 00 a m
3 50 p m	Lv.....Fayetteville.....Ar	12 10 a m
3 45 p m	Ar.....Fayetteville.....Lv	12 28 p m
3 30 p m	Lv.....Sanford.....Lv	1 43 p m
12 43 p m	Lv.....Climax.....Lv	3 44 p m
12 18 p m	Lv.....Greensboro.....Ar	4 15 p m
11 55 a m	Ar.....Greensboro.....Lv	4 35 p m
11 07 a m	Lv.....Stokesdale.....Lv	5 19 p m
10 36 a m	Lv.....Walnut Cove.....Lv	5 44 p m
10 09 a m	Lv.....Rural Hall.....Lv	6 18 p m
8 45 a m	Lv.....Mt. Airy.....Ar	7 35 p m

South Bound Daily No. 64.	BENNETTSVILLE.	North Bound Daily No. 65.
8 00 a m	Lv.....Bennettsville.....Ar	7 15 p m
9 07 a m	Lv.....Maxton.....Lv	6 15 p m
9 35 a m	Lv.....Red Springs.....Lv	5 35 p m
10 20 a m	Lv.....Hope Mills.....Lv	4 52 p m
10 40 a m	Ar.....Fayetteville.....Lv	4 33 p m

No. 46	MADISON BRANCH.	No. 47.
South Bound Mixed Daily ex. Sunday		North Bound Mixed Daily ex. Sunday.
5 30 p m	Ar.....Ramseur.....Lv	6 40 a m
3 50 p m	Lv.....Climax.....Ar	8 55 a m
2 40 p m	Lv.....Greensboro.....Ar	9 17 a m
2 30 p m	Ar.....Greensboro.....Lv	9 35 a m
11 10 p m	Lv.....Stokesdale.....Lv	11 07 a m
12 30 p m	Lv.....Madison.....Ar	1 55 a m

Connections at Fayetteville with Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk and Western Railway.

J. R. KENLY, General Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agt.
mar 28 tf

THE

Clyde Steamship Co.

NEW YORK,
WILMINGTON, N. C.,
AND
GEORGETOWN, S. C.
Lines.

New York for Wilmington.

GEO. W. CLYDE..... Saturday, June 24
ONEIDA..... Saturday, July 1

Wilmington for New York.

ONEIDA..... Saturday, June 24
GEO. W. CLYDE..... Saturday, July 1

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

GEO. W. CLYDE..... Tuesday, June 24
ONEIDA..... Tuesday, July 4

Steamers do not carry passengers.

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt.,
Wilmington, N. C.

THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green N. Y. je 20 tf

-- WATERMELONS --

For the Fourth of July.

FINE,
LARGE,
RIPE.

Car Just Arrived.

Will Be Sold CHEAP.

THE WORTH CO.

je 27 tf

NEWS AND OPINIONS of National Importance.

THE SUN ALONE CONTAINS BOTH.

Daily, by mail, - - - $6 a year
Daily and Sunday, by mail, $8 a year

The Sunday Sun

IS THE GREATEST SUNDAY NEWSPAPER IN THE WORLD.

Price 5c a copy. By mail, $2 a year

Address THE SUN, New York.

ja 5 tf

D. O'CONNOR.

Real Estate Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

DWELLINGS, STORES AND OFFICES FOR RENT.

Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, Taxes and Insurance attended to promptly. Money loaned on improved ma 10 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Schedule In Effect June 12, 1899.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND.

DAILY 9.45 A. M. No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.19 A. M., Warsaw 11 38 A. M., Goldsboro 12.20 P. M., Wilson 1.16 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.53 P. M., Tarboro 2.31 P. M. Weldon 4.32 P. M., Petersburg 6.21 P. M., Richmond 7.20 P. M., Norfolk 5.55 P. M., Washington 11.30 P. M., Baltimore 1.00 A. M., Philadelphia 3.50 A. M., New York 6.53 A. M., +Boston 3.00 P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M. No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.34 P. M., Warsaw 8.48 P. M., Goldsboro 9.45 P. M., Wilson 10.38 P. M., +Tarboro 7.04 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.38 P. M. Weldon 1.00 A. M., +Norfolk 10.35 A. M., Petersburg 2.35 A. M., Richmond 3.38 A. M., Washington 7.01 A. M., Baltimore 8.23 A. M., Philadelphia 10.35 A. M. New York 1.03 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 2.25 P. M. No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonvill 4.13 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M. No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.56 P. M., Chadbourn 5.28 P. M. Marion 6.34 P. M., Florence 7.15 P. M. Sumter 8.57 P. M., Columbia 10.30 P. M., Denmark 6.19 A. M., Augusta 7.55 A. M. Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.35 P. M. Charleston 10.50 P. M., Savannah 1.50 A. M., Jacksonville 7.30 A. M., St. Augustine 10.30 A. M., Tampa 6.05 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.50 P. M. No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston +1.03 P. M., New York +2.00 P. M., Philadelphia 12.05 A. M., Baltimore 2.50 A. M. Washington 4.30 A. M., Richmond 9.05 A. M., Petersburg 10.00 A. M., Norfolk 9.00 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.21 P. M. Rocky Mount 12.52 P. M., Wilson 1.40 P. M., Goldsboro 2.21 P. M., Warsaw 4.12 P. M., Magnolia 4.25 P. M.

DAILY 9.40 A. M. No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 2.30 A. M., Philadelphia 12.00 P. M., Baltimore 2.25 P. M., Washington 5.40 P. M., Richmond 7.30 P. M., Petersburg 8.12 P. M., +Norfolk 2.20 P. M., Weldon 9.43 P. M., +Tarboro 6.00 P. M., Rocky Mount 5.40 A. M. Leave Wilson 6.20 A. M., Goldsboro 7.01 A. M., Warsaw 7.56 A. M., Magnolia 8.09 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 10.25 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 1.15 P. M. No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.10 A. M., Sanford 8.07 P. M., Jacksonville 8.00 P. M., Savannah 1.45 A. M., Charleston 6.33 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M., Macon 9.00 A. M., Augusta 2.30 P. M., Denmark 4.17 P. M. Columbia 6.40 A. M., Sumter 8.10 P. M., Florence 9.50 A. M., Marion 10.30 A. M., Chadbourn 11.34 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.08 A. M.

+Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Yadkin Division Main Line—Train leaves Wilmington, 9.00 A. M., arrives Fayetteville 12.15 P. M., leaves Fayetteville 12.25 P. M., arrives Sanford 1.43 P. M. Returning leaves Sanford 2.33 P. M., arrives Fayetteville 3.45 P. M., leaves Fayetteville 3.50 P. M., arrives Wilmington 6.50 P. M.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennettsville 8.15 A. M. Maxton 9.30 A. M., Red Springs 9.52 A. M., Hope Mills 10.42 A. M., arrive Fayetteville 10.55 A. M. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4.40 P. M., Hope Mills 4.53 P. M., Red Springs 5.35 P. M., Maxton, 6.15 P. M., arrives Bennettsville 7.15 P. M.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 P. M., Halifax 4.15 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 5.08 P. M., Greenville 6.57 P. M., Kinston 7.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 A. M., Greenville 8.52 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 10.18 A. m., Weldon 11.33 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.10 A. M. and 3.30 P. M.; arrive Parmele 9.10 A. M. and 4.00 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 9.35 A. M. and 6.30 P. M.; arrives Washington 11.00 A. M. and 7.20 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 P. M.; Sunday, 4.15 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 7.40 P. M. and 6.10 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.50 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 10.05 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7.05 A. M.; arrives Smithfield, N. C., 8.10 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 9.00 A. M.; arrives Goldsboro 10.25 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 9.30 A. M., 3.40 P. M.; arrives Nashville 10.10 A. M., 4.08 P. M., Spring Hope 10.40 A. M., 4.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11.00 A. M., 4.55 P. M., Nashville 11.32 A. M.; 5.25 P. M., arrives at Rocky Mount 11.45 A. M., 6.00 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton, daily except Sunday, at 8.10 A. M. and 4.15 P. M. Returning, leave Clinton at 7.00 A. M. and 10.25 A. M.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 10.09 A. M., arrive Latta 10.34 A. M., Dillon 10.36 A. M., Rowland 10.54 A. M. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.00 P. M.; arrives Dillon 6.30 P. M., Latta 6.35 P. M., Pee Dee 7.00 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 3.00 P. M., Chadbourn 5.35 P. M.; arrive Conway 7.40 P. M.; leave Conway 8.30 A. M., Chadbourn 11.20 A. M.; arrive Hub 12.25 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 5.15 P. M., Manning 5.41 P. M.; arrive Lane's 6.17 P. M.; leave Lane's 8.34 A. M., Manning 9.09 A. M.; arrive Sumter 9.40 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 9.30 A. M., 7.40 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 12.00 M., 9.00 P. M.; leave Georgetown 7.00 A. M.; 3.30 P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.35 A. M.; 5.55 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday at 9.50 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.15 A. M., Aartsville 9.15 P. M., Cheraw 11.30 A. M., Wadesboro 3.28 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 7.55 P. M.; arrive Darlington 8.30 P. M., Bennettsville 9.17 P. M., Gibson 10.20 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only 9.30 A. M., arrive Darlington 10.05 A. M.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 6.00 A. M. Bennettsville 7.00 A. M.; arrive Darlington 8.00 A. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M.; arrive Florence 9.15 A. M. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 3.00 P. M., Cheraw 4.45 P. M., Hartsville 7.00 A. M., Darlington 6.30 P. M.; arrive Florence 7.00 P. M. Leave Darlington Sunday only at 8.50 A. M., arrive Florence 9.15 A. M.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 1.53 P. M., 11.14 P. M., arrive Selma 2.50 P. M. 11.57 P. M., Smithfield 3.09 P. M., Dunn 3.40 P. M., Fayetteville 4.35 P. M., 1.08 A. M., Rowland

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, JULY 1, 1899.

THE RIOTING IN BRUSSELS.

Troops Used Ball Cartridges On the Mob. Quiet Restored—The Government Capitulated.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

BRUSSELS, June 30.—The rioting here was continued until 2 o'clock A. M. at various points. The gendarmes charged fiercely several times on the Boulevard Auspach and used ball cartridges on the Grange Place. One rioter was bayonetted and two reporters were seriously injured. Saucepans and other domestic implements were thrown from windows during the night at the troops.

The *Gazette* says one hundred persons have been injured during the rioting, and of this number eight were seriously wounded.

At the opening of the Chamber of Deputies to-day a motion was introduced amending the rules so as to allow the expulsion of any deputy causing a disturbance. The Socialists vigorously protested and violently anathematized the movers. M. de Lantshere, Rightist, defended the proposal and delivered a caustic indictment of the Socialists, who interrupted him by whistling, hooting and banging their desks. When quiet was restored the Socialists drew moving pictures of the victims of the repression lying wounded in the hospitals, and demanded to know who was responsible for such "unjustifiable horror."

The premier replied: "It is I who caused the strength of the gendarmie to be increased on legal requisitions made before the repression commenced." This statement drew forth a storm of invective and Socialist cries of "murderer."

Subsequently, several of the deputis appealed to the government to be conciliatory, whereupon the premier expressed the strongest desire for conciliation, and said he was prepared to seek means to that end. The statement was greeted with applause, in the midst of which the session was ended.

The Socialists left the house together and M. Van der Velde, after receiving the permission of the police, addressed the crowd outside, informing them of the ministerial statement and exhorting the people to calmness.

The Socialists were warmly cheered by the crowd.

It is believed the premier's declaration will appeae the public.

During the night bricks were hurled at the windows of the premier's residence, the porter of which was hurt, and blood was smeared on the pavement in front of the house.

At a meeting this evening, convened by M. Van der Velde, the Abbedaens, Christian Democrats, congratulated the Socialists on the success they had achieved, and predicted the advent of universal suffrage. Two thousand persons accompanied the speaker to the train, singing the "Marseillaise." In view of the pacific declarations in the Chamber that public meetings are now permitted, the Liberal and Socialist newspapers declare that the government has capitulated.

DISORDERLY NEGRO TROOPS.

Raided a Saloon—Shot the Bar-Keeper. Wrecked the Bar and Stole All the Liquor.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WINNEMUCCA, NEV., June 30.—Last night special trains containing companies L and M of the Twenty-fifth infantry, and company E of the Twenty-fourth, (colored regiments) arrived in Winnemucca. A number of the men left the train and raided a neighboring saloon. They wrecked the bar and stole all the liqcor in sight. Chris Deiess, the bar-keeper, was shot down by one of the soldiers. Those who committed the outrage then fled to the train.

The alarm was given at once and before the train could draw out of the station it was surrounded by excited citizens of the place, Sheriff Dodeid and District Attorney Van Duser would not permit the train to leave until the guilty parties were given up. Major Noble, who was in command, while not recognizing the authorization of the local authorities to delay the expedition consented that the train be delayed until a thorough search could be made.

Mr. Van Duser insisted that the train remain here until daylight, so that the identification could be made. Major Noble would not consent to this. At 1 o'clock this morning the district attorney and Major Noble came to an issue and the latter gave orders to have the train start. A writ of attachment was secured on the local ticket agent, prohibiting the moving of the train from Winnemucca until 5 A. M., or until the soldier had been turned over to the officers. Major Noble claims that by delaying the train the expedition, which was to leave San Francisco to-night for the Philippines, has been delayed. At 1.30 o'clock this morning District Attorney Van Duser consented to the release of the train.

TRANSVAAL TROUBLE.

Arrangement With Great Britain to be Submitted to the Volksraad.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, June 30.—The *Digger News*, the Boer organ in London, prints a dispatch from Johannesburg, announcing, on reliable authority, that the Volksraad will be asked on Monday to confirm an arrangement made by the Executive Council, acceptable to the British high commissioner, Sir Alfred Milner, and the British government. It is believed the arrangement grants a seven-year retrospective franchise to Uitlanders resident in the Transvaal before 1890, who will be immediately admitted to burghership, with other modifications in the naturalization laws.

TOTAL NET RECEIPTS OF COTTON.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 30.—The following are the total net receipts of cotton at all ports since September 1st, 1898: Galveston, 2,294,423 bales; New Orleans, 2,181,402; Mobile, 259,510; Savannah, 1,076,462; Charleston, 368,652; Wilmington, 290,898; Norfolk, 677,924; Baltimore, 55,948; New York, 149,615; Boston, 306,411; Newport News, 21,794; Philadelphia, 50,042; Brunswick, 250,499; Port Arthur, 19,765; Pensacola, 210,843; Port Royal, 20,865. Total, 8,238,053.

A CHILD ENJOYS

The pleasant flavor, gentle action and soothing effect of Syrup of Figs, when in need of a laxative, and if the father or mother be costive or bilious the most gratifying results follow its use; so that it is the best family remedy known and every family should have a bottle. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co.

GEN. LEE TAKES PROMPT MEASURES

To Repress Highway Robbery and Violence Now Rampant in Cuba.

YELLOW FEVER SITUATION.

Gen. Ludlow, Military Governor of Havana, Denies Reports — Rumored That Robt. P. Porter Will be Appointed Civil Governor.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

HAVANA, June 30.—The local papers devote considerable space to the recent troubles at Guanajay; deplore the action of a few unprincipled men and congratulate General Fitzhugh Lee upon the prompt measures he has taken to put a stop to them.

According to the *Diario de La Marina*, at Matanzas, which hitherto has been considered immune against crimes, highway robbery and violence has broken loose. Two armed Cubans have held up the village of Bachicha and robbed the principal store after killing the proprietor. The police killed a man, bound and unarmed, at Cabezas, claiming that he tried to escape, and two Spaniards have been set upon and killed by a body of Cubans at the Presio plantation, near Cardenas.

Owing to the expressed opinion of Brigadier General James H. Wilson, Governor of the consolidated departments of Matanzas and Santa Clara, that rural police are not wanted, trouble is expected in the province of Matanzas for some time.

Yellow Fever Situation.

General Ludlow, military governor of Havana, in the course of an official communication to Governor General Brooke, complains of statements occasionally printed in American newspapers regarding the existence of yellow fever here, which intimates that the authorities have reasons of their own for concealing the actual facts of the case. The particular statements to which he refers appeared ten days or so ago, one of which asserted that persons who had just returned from Havana declared that there was more yellow fever in Cuba than it was the policy of the administration to allow the public to know of, and the other that, notwithstanding the denials of American authorities in Havana, there were fifteen cases of yellow fever here on June 2nd.

Both statements, General Ludow says are entirely without foundation. Extreme care is taken to procure reports regarding all cases known or suspected. Every case is watched with the utmost care by from three to five physicians and there is absolutely no grounds for believing, he declares, that he is not in possession of every individual fact relating to contagious or infectious diseases in the city of Havana. "There is not an atom of truth in these statements," continues the letter, "and concealment would be as stupid as it might be criminal. Every case that can possibly be considered a suspect is so treated; and it often happens that a case is under treatment for several days, in consequence of the divided opinion of the doctors. Neither on June 2, nor to-day, was there a single case of yellow fever in Havana.

Civil Governor of Cuba.

La Lucha publishes a dispatch from Washington to-day which says: "It is practically assured that General Brooke will be sent to the Philippines command with an increased army, and that he will be succeeded here by a civil governor of Cuba, who will probably be Mr. Robert P. Porter."

The English edition of the paper will say editorially, to-morrow: "While General Brooke has done as well as, and probably better, than most military men would have done in the same position, and while he has at all times evinced a desire to secure justice and has succeeded in winning the confidence of our people on all sides, it is nevertheless a fact that army life does not fit a man to assume a civil role, especially in such trying circumstances as exist here. A civilian governor of Cuba is needed. Mr. Robert P. Porter, however is, believed to be prejudiced against the Cubans. They have no confidence in him and will protest against such an appointment as is indicated in our Washington dispatch, if the news should be confirmed. Cuba wants as governor an American civilian of known ability, a statesman of undoubted integrity and impartiality."

The Safe Robbery at Mariel.

The capture by the rural guard of Major Jose Acosta at Guanajay, followed by his confession of his own guilt and his implication of others, seems to promise the discovery of the leaders of the numerous recent raids in Guanajay district. It now turns out that the proceeds of the safe robbery at Mariel were some $4,000 in gold and $1,900 in Spanish bank bills. Enrique Hernandez, one the leaders, gave $1,900 to Acosta, who changed it in Havana at seven per cent. Acosta is thoroughly frightened and now keeps the guards busy hunting the persons whom he exposes.

CAPTAIN DREYFUS' ARRIVAL.

Taken to the Prison at Rennes Without Incident—A Great Crowd, But No Manifestation.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

RENNES, FRANCE, July 1.—Captain Dreyfus landed at Quiberon and was conveyed by train to Bruz, twelve kilometers from Rennes. There he entered a landau, accompanied by Chief of the Detectives of the Prefect Department, and was driven to Rennes. The party arrived at the prison without incident. A great crowd assembled and witnessed the arrival in silence and without manifestation.

BREST, FRANCE, June 30.—A dispatch from Rennes says the police are taking up positions around the railway station there and that everything indicates that Captain Dreyfus is already en route. It is reported that he will reach Rennes at 2 o'clock to-morrow morning.

It is not know here where the landing was effected. The weather is very heavy and it is impossible to see two hundred yards from the shore along the coast in the vicinity of Brest, in consequence of the rain and dense mist.

Excitement was at fever heat this evening when it was reported that the cruiser Sfax had already entered the harbor and was lying off the arsenal. Scores of journalists immediately put off in boats to investigate, but they failed to find the warship.

Gen. Delaware Kemper, consul to Amoy, China, under the first Cleveland administration, died at his home in Alexandria, Va. Gen. Kemper was a distinguished soldier in the Confederate army during the civil war.

THE SITUATION IN THE PHILIPPINES.

General Satisfaction Expressed in the Cabinet Meeting at the Administration's Plans.

REINFORCEMENTS FOR OTIS.

Active Operations On a Large Scale to Begin When the Rainy Season Closes. Volunteer Regiments—Applications for Commissions.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, June 30.—The situation in the Philippines was discussed at the cabinet meeting to-day, and general satisfaction was expressed in the administration's plans for the reinforcement of General Otis, who contemplates the reopening of active operations on a larger scale when the rainy season closes—September 15th. Secretary Alger reported that enlistments were coming up to expectations. With a view to officering the regimen's raised under the volunteer provisions of the army bill, the records of the officers of the volunteer organizations which saw service in Cuba and Porto Rico and which are now serving in the Philippines, are being carefully examined in order that recognition may be given to such of them as may desire to reenter or continue in the service according to their ability and merit. Some of the meritorious non-commissioned officers may also be recognized and State lines are to be ignored. Some regular officers are also to be commissioned as volunteer officers.

Secretary Gage has expressed the opinion to his colleagues that the deficit for the fiscal year would fall below $90,000,000.

Reinforcements for Otis.

A statement prepared in the office of the Adjutant General of the army shows that with the departure of the Pennsylvania from San Francisco about 3,500 reinforcements were dispatched to the Philippines this week. There are about 3,000 recruits at San Francisco which are also intended to recruit the regular regiments in the Philippines up to their maximum strength of 128 men to a company. Including the Nineteenth infantry under orders for Manila and troops for San Francisco there are 4,000 ready to start to Manila as soon as transportation can be provided. The War Department is awaiting advices from Gen. Otis before proceeding actively in the enlistment of volunteers under the recent decision of the administration to organize nine regiments, including skeleton regiments in the Phillppines, amounting in all to about 10,000 volunteers.

The Volunteer Regiments.

Since the announcement that about 10,000 volunteers were to be mustered into the army for service in the Philippines the President had been deluged with applications for commissions. Almost every congressional caller had one or more applicants whom he presses upon the President's attention. The President requests all his visitors to file their application with Adjutant General Corbin. At the same time he makes it clear in a general way that the policy of the administration in granting commissions will be to give preference to volunteer officers who showed ability and who performed valuable service during the Spanish war. Some regular officers are also to be given volunterr commissions in the belief that one or two regular officers in a regiment will be of great advantage. The number of officers to be commissioned is being carefully guarded to prevent a scramble.

THE TEXAS DELUGE.

Great Damage Done to Crops—People Driven From Their Homes—Waco Under Water.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WACO, TEXAS, June 30.—The Brazos has reached the highest point attained in fourteen years. Crops in the Brazos bottoms are inundated from six to fifteen feet and in most cases are a total loss. Hundreds of people have fled from the village, and have taken refuge in this city. In East Waco water in Main street is six feet deep, the houses are completely under water, and all merchandise is ruined. All trains entering this city have been abandoned, the tracks having been washed away for several miles. The water to-night stands six feet deep in the passenger depot. The river is slowly falling but the rain continues.

COMPARATIVE COTTON STATEMENT

For the Week Ending Monday, June 30, 1899.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, June 30.—The following is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending June 30:

	1899.	1898.
Net receipts at all U. S ports during the week.....	17,474	19,571
Total receipts to this date.....	8,288,053	8,460,614
Exports for week..	61,164	39,644
Total exports to date.....	6,900,361	7,131,504
Stock in all U. S. ports	514,148	301,307
Stock at all interior towns.....	276,064	147,286
Stock in Liverpool,	1,264,000	1,107,000
American afloat for Great Britain...	37,000	49,000

HANGING IN GEORGIA.

Execution at Baxley of Boise Ables, the Negro Rapist.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BAXLEY, GEORGIA, June 30.—Boise Ables, the negro rapist, was hanged here to-day. The execution was a spectacular affair, though without accident or incident. The condemned man rode from the jail to the gallows in a cart sitting upon his coffin. He was pronounced dead in nine minutes after the trap was sprung. He made no statement on the gallows, but said he had previously confessed his crime, and expressed his readiness to expiate it.

The East Carolina Real Estate Agency has excellent facilities for selling farms and timbered lands. It advertises all property and makes only a nominal charge unless a sale is made. For terms etc., address R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C. †

The East Carolina Real Estate Agency will sell for cash, or will exchange for desirable house and lot in Wilmington, a farm of 272 acres, three miles from Rose Hill. Address R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C. †

TAX ON RAILROADS.

Increase of Ten Million Dollars in Valuation Over That of Last Year.

$120,000 OR MORE REVENUE.

Work of the Corporation Commission. Value of Telephone and Express Companies' Properties to be Assessed for Taxation.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., June 30, 1899.

The Commissioner of Agriculture expects to begin holding Farmers' Institutes about August 1st. The first one will probably be at Red Springs. The advisability of changing the manner and method of holding these institutes is now being discussed. Some members of the Agricultural Board have suggested that instead of the county institutes heretofore held, one institute only be held in each congressional district. This to continue for some length of time and the most prominent farmers in that district or section to be specially invited to be present and take part in the work. In such an arrangement, of course, the district lines will be recognized only for convenience and farmers from other districts will be welcome in the institute. If such a plan is adopted the first of these institutes will be held here in Raleigh, probably the last of July.

To Test the Craig Law.

The Mutual Reserve Fund Life Association has commenced suit to test the Craig law, requiring non-resident corporations to become domestic corporations before doing business in this State. This company yesterday began an action to compel the Secretary of State to annul its incorporation and return its papers filed with them. It alleges that some employe or officer of the company, as a routine matter, filed a copy of its charter and by-laws with the Secretary of State of North Carolina. This man says he was not aware at the time of the provisions of the Craig bill, and so when the board of directors came to pass a resolution withdrawing from this State, they found that they had already incorporated herein.

The board of directors have repudiated the action of the employe, and made a formal demand upon the Secretary of State for a return of their papers and for the "unincorporation" of the company. This, the Secretary says, he has no authority to do, and so the association has invoked the aid of the courts to determine the question whether the action of an employe, when repudiated as soon as brought to the attention of the association as such, binds the company.

It is understood that all parties interested are agreed upon the facts, and that the action will be in all respects a friendly one.

A Catholic Institution.

The Catholic church here has bought 300 acres of land near the city and will build on it an industrial school, an orphanage and a home for the aged. There is already on land a large frame building. This will be at once added to and remodelled, and Father Price, who is in charge of the enterprise hopes by August 15th to ring the first bell in the institution. A number of sisters who will engage in charitable work will come here immediately the house is ready for occupancy. The Catholic Church of the United States is assisting the local church in their work and a large amount of money will be spent within the next few years in building up the institution.

The Corporation Commission overrules the exceptions of the Bell and American Telephone companies, and the new rates, as promulgated by the commission on May 11th, stand. The Bell company announces that it will appeal to the courts.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

Tax Valuation of Railroads.

After two weeks consideration of the matter of taxation, the corporation commission has fixed the valuation of railroads at an increase of ten millions over last year. This means an increase of about $120,000 annually to be paid by railroads and other corporations in taxes. The exact increase in the values as fixed by the commission is $9,996,538. Of this increase, the Southern pays $4,892,447; the Atlantic Coast Line, $4,233,351, and the Seaboard Air Line $2,691,052. The miscellaneous roads cut this down by a decrease of $1,397,322. This is due to the fact that the C. F. and Y. V., heretofore classed as of the miscellaneous roads, is now a part of two of the great systems—the Southern and the Atlantic Coast Line. Taking this out in 1899, the assessment of miscellaneous roads this year shows an increase of $667,807, instead of a decrease.

Property of the telegraph companies in the State is valued at $299,395, an increase over the valuation of 1898.

The value of steamboat property is increased $14,378, and Pullman car property shows an increase of $53,914.

For the first time the value of telephone property is fixed by the commission. In addition to this, the commission will assess the value of the Express Company's property. The company has not yet sent in returns. Also, all refrigerator cars and some telephone lines are yet to be valued for taxation. These will amount to several hundred thousand dollars more. This year, under the valuation fixed, the total tax—State, county, city and town—will be $450,000, as against about $330,000 last year. This will give an increase of about $120,000 in taxes.

A VERITABLE BATTLEFIELD.

Terrific Fight in the Italian Chamber of Deputies.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LONDON, July 1.—The Rome correspondent of the *Daily Mail* says:

"The Chamber of Deputies to day (Friday) was transformed into a veritable battle field. The tumult was terrific. More than twenty deputies were injured in the struggle, including Baron Sonino, who was seriously hurt. Baron Sonino is the leader of the majority, and the probable future premier. The chamber will now be closed until November."

Mrs. Emma D. E. N. Southworth, the authoress, died at her residence in Washington, D. C., last night after an illness of several weeks.

The East Carolina Real Estate Agency is prepared to give prompt and efficient service to all persons wishing to sell farms or town property. Address R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C. †

ILLINOIS MINE TROUBLES.

Negroes From Pana Fired Upon by Union Strikers—One Killed and Many Were Wounded.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MARION, ILL., June 30.—To-day, as the train on the Illinois Central, carrying a coach load of negroes from Pana to Brush's mines, one mile north of Cartersville, stopped at the Fredonia mine three miles northwest of Cartersville, a large number of striking union miners opened fire on the negroes, killing one (a woman) and wounding about twenty others.

Before the bloody work could be carried further, the train pulled out for Johnston City. When it reached a point one mile north of Brush's mine, the negroes were unloaded and marched across the country to their destination. It is said that a majority of the rioters were negroes, whom Brush brought here from the South about a year ago and who have since joined the union.

There is great excitement in the neighborhood of the Brush mine and a battle between the working negroes who are well armed, and the strikers, who are on the ground ready for a fight, may be precipitated at any moment. Superintendent Brush wired for Sheriff Gray immediately after the riot, asking for protection. The sheriff has gone to the scene, but he took no deputies with him. He had no guns to arm them with.

A majority of Brush's miners have been on a strike for a month, though many of his imported negroes have remained loyal to him. The trouble grows out of a question of wages.

BASE BALL BULLETIN.

Scores of the Games Played by the Clubs Yesterday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, June 30.—At Pittsburg—Brooklyn, 10; Pittsburg, 11.

At Cleveland—Boston, 3; Cleveland, 1.

At Louisville—Philadelphia, 13; Louisville, 9.

WARM WIRELETS.

The U. S. Consul at Salvador informs the State Department that yellow fever has made its appearance there.

The United States cruiser Chicago, Rear Admiral Howison's flagship, has arrived in Delagoa Bay. Her commander will proceed to Pretoria.

A Birmingham, Ala., dispatch last night, said: "Shepperd, the negro rapist of Mrs. Jones at Adamsville, has been captured at Warrior and is about to be lynched."

The Golden jubilee of the North American Sengerbund, Cincinnati, Ohio, is an assured success, as the opening concert surpassed the highest expectations in the musical line.

In Santiago the present season up to the 26th of June, there were thirty-five cases of yellow fever and eleven deaths from the disease; all of which, except four, were American soldiers.

Eleven well known citizens of Northville, Mich., were arrested yesterday, charged with attempting to lynch Thos. Evans, who was charged with improper conduct with his stepchildren.

After a conference of ten days the coal miners of Alabama and the operators came to an arrangement in regard to the scale of wages to be paid during the coming year. Both sides made some concessions.

The steamer Mayflower, plyidg between Plymouth and Windsor, N. C., Captain Haywood Davenport, capsized and sunk in the thoroughfare between Roanoke and Cashi rivers, yesterday afternoon about 5 o'clock. The crew and all the passengers were saved except an infant, who went down with the steamer

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

For Rent—New, one-story Cottage on Front between Orange and Ann streets. Five rooms, kitchen, pantry and bath-room. Inside, hard oil finish, cabinet mantels with tile hearths, porcelain bath-tub, hot and cold water. Thos. F. Bagley, 15 Princess street. jy 1 3t

Wanted—Peaches, Apples, Plums, Grapes and all kinds of Fruits. Also, all kinds of Produce. Good prices and prompt returns guaranteed. B. B. Moore, Commission Merchant, No. 5 Dock street. je 11 tf

Seed Peas—Black-eye, Whipawills, Unknown, Mixed. Nice and sound. We exchange Groceries for Naval Stores and produce of all kinds. T. D. Love. je 11 tf

Rock Salt, Hay, Grain, fresh-ground Meal, Hominy, and all kinds of mixed Feed. John S. McEachern, 211 Market street. Telephones No. 99. my 28 tf

Bananas, Oranges, Lemons, Confections and an extra quality of Up-country Butter just received. All at low prices. A. S. Winstead. my 27 tf

For Best Prices ship your Lambs, Beef, Cattle and all kinds of produce to M. C. Benson, Commission Merchant, 106 Dock street. ap 16 tf

Turpentine Still and Fixtures complete. For sale low. The Worth Co. apr 7 tf

Photographic Notice—I will be out of the city for a while. Reserve your orders for me. Special inducement when I come. U. C. Ellis, Photographer. ma 26 tf

Hayden, P. H., has in stock Buggies, Road Carts and Harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. no 25 tf

For Sale—At Burgaw, in good order, one 15 horse-power Engine and Boiler, one 50 saw Cotton Gin, one Brooks Press. Apply to The Worth Co. fe 28 tf

PEACE INSTITUTE,

RALEIGH, N. C.

One of the best female schools in the South, and the cheapest for advantages given. Send for catalogue.

je 15 tf JAS. DINWIDDIE, M. A.

Carolina Beach and Southport Schedule.

ON AND AFTER JUNE 6TH, BOAT LEAVES FOR CAROLINA BEACH,

6 and 9.15 A. M., 3, 5.15 and 7.30 P. M. Train leaves Beach, 7 A. M.; 1, 3.45, 6 and 8.30 P. M.

No 7.30 P. M. boat from Wilmington and no 8.30 P. M. boat from Beach on Mondays

Fare to pier and return on 5.15 and 7.30 P. M. boats, 15c.

Leaves Sunday, 10 A. M., 2.30 P. M. and 7.30 P. M. Leaves Beach, 12.30, 6 and 8.30 P. M.

FOR SOUTHPORT,

boat leaves 9.15 and 10.15 A. M., and 3 P. M. Leaves Southport, 6.30 A. M., 12 M., 2.30 P. M.

Freight for Southport received only on 9.15 boat.

J. W. HARPER, Manager.

je 6 tf

WILMINGTON SEACOAST R. R.

ON AND AFTER JUNE 1ST, 1899,

the Schedule of the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad will be as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Ocean View.
6.30 A. M.	7.30 A. M.
10.10 A. M.	11.30 A. M.
2.30 P. M.	3.45 P. M.
5.00 P. M.	6.00 P. M.
7.15 P. M.	10.00 P. M.
SUNDAY.	
10.10 A. M.	11.30 A. M.
5.00 P. M.	6.00 P. M.

Every Friday and Saturday night, on account of Club and Hotel dances, the 7.15 P. M. train will leave the beach at 11.00 P. M. instead of 10.00.

my 31 tf R. OSCAR GRANT, Supt.

"YOU CAN'T DO IT."

We have the agency for the best piece of meat for family use in

"J. P. Squire's Pig Bellies."

The price is about the same as tough, thick skin Hog Bellies, and you can get the BEST by demanding Squire's Bellies.

"Stock's Best Patent,"

and "Q" brands Flour

Give Universal Satisfaction, and your trade will increase if you use these Brands.

OUR GUARANTEE STANDS BEHIND EVERY POUND.

We continue leaders in Cigars.

CUBAN BLOSSOM, SANTA BANA, RENOWN, TOPICAL TWIST, } No better Sold.

VOLLERS & HASHAGEN,

fe 11 tf Commission Merchants.

B. Y. P. U. CONVENTION

Via S. A. L.

The International Convention of the Baptist Young People's Union of America will be held in Richmond, Va., July 13th to 16th, 1899. For this occasion THE SEABOARD AIR LINE will sell tickets from all points to Richmond and return at rate of ONE FARE for the round trip. Tickets will be sold July 11th, 12th and 13th, good to return on or before July 31st; but by depositing tickets with Joint Agent at Richmond the limit can be extended to August 15th, 1899.

THE SEABOARD AIR LINE have elegantly appointed vestibuled trains for Richmond daily, carrying Pullman Buffet Sleeping Cars and running on fast schedules, the "S. A. L. EXPRESS" giving passengers a daylight ride, and the "ATLANTA SPECIAL" affording night ride in Pullman Sleepers, placing passengers in Richmond in the early morning.

SEABOARD AIR LINE is the only line operating through Coaches and Sleeping Cars between Atlanta and Richmond.

For further information, Sleeping Car reservations, &c., apply to nearest Ticket Agent. je 27 15t

Lemons.

10 Boxes Fresh Lemons.
10 Barrels Sugar, 2 lb bags.
18 Barrels Sugar, 5 lb bags.
25 Barrels Granulated Sugar.
41 Barrels No, 11 Sugar.
15 Barrels No. 5 Sugar.
78 Bags 7c Coffee.
55 Bags Better Coffee.
15 Boxes Plates.
28 Boxes Short Ribs.
25 Barrels Fla. Mullets.
15 Barrels White Fish.

W. B. COOPER,

Wholesale Grocer, Wilmington, N. C.

je 30 tf

JUST IN.

Lemons—Nice, Fresh, Full Count 360s.

N. C. HAMS.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

Groceries, Tobacco, Snuff and Cigars.

Field Peas for planting.

INQUIRIES INVITED.

HALL & PEARSALL,

je 29 tf WHOLSALE GROCERS.

I HAVE JUST RETURNED FROM THE WEST WITH A LOT OF FINE HORSES.

DO YOU WANT ONE?

If so, you will make a mistake if you buy before seeing me.

L. W. BATES,

je 17 tf WATER STREET.

PORK, PORK.

100 bbls Regular Mess Pork.
1,300 bbls Flour.
1,700 Second-hand Machine Spirit Barrels.
30 tons Hoop Iron.
800 bales Hay.
900 bales Rice Straw.

And all other Goods in my line.

D. L. GORE,

120, 122 and 124 North Water street, Wilmington, N. C.

je 28 tf

MECHANICS' HOME ASSOCIATION

Subscription List for Stock in the

18th Series is now open

at he office of the Secretary and Treasurer, to whom make application. Series limited to 500 shares.

Payments will commence Saturday, July 1st, 1899.

Controlling large and ample capital, we are prepared for and solicit mortgage loans, and give them prompt attention.

Apply to

NATHANIEL JACOBI, President.

W. M. CUMMING, Sec'ty and Treas.

Je 10 1m.

N. F. PARKER,

Furniture and Furniture Novelties,

No. 17 South Front Street,

Admitted by all that my goods are the Finest, Best Selected and Cheapest ever shown here.

SPOT CASH BARGAINS.

Cane Seat Chairs, 50c.
Cane Seat Porch Rockers, 75c.
Chiffoniers, $4.89. je 20 tf

Oceanic Hotel, Carolina Beach, Is now open for the season.

Music daily by the Italian Band. Dances every night.

Rates, $2 a day; $8 to $10 a week; $25 to $30 a month.

e 9 tf R. A. JENKINS, Manager.

Mrs. W. E. Mayo has opened the New Ocean View Hotel

FOR THE SEASON. Meals served promptly at all hours. Every accommodation for comfort of guests. Charges reasonable. Special rates for families.

je 28 tf

Lost, Strayed or Stolen.

A man who can compare to us in repairing your Cash Register, Lawn Mower, Safe or any piece of Complicated Mechanism, if you find him call up Bell 'Phone No. 61Y, and let us know.

PLATT BROS.,

fe 28 1w Lock and Gunsmiths, 20 South Front street.

THE BEST EYES!

are those given the best care throughout all periods of life. "I used to have the best eyes," is a common expression. These people very likely have bad eyes now, because neglectful of the care necessary to keep them good. Let us keep yours good. If you haven't good ones let us assist in making them good. No medical or surgical treatment. Scientific glass aid—that's what we offer.

Dingelhoef Bros.,

OCULAR OPTICIANS,

Preliminary Examination FREE.

1e 7 tf Parlors No. 123 Market St.

Warm Weather Wearables.

We show an "unequaled" stock of these goods. That is a broad assertion. Nevertheless, we are prepared at all times to substantiate what we say. Our stock of "Warm Weather Wearables" is unequaled not only in variety, style and taste, but in quality and matchless prices. Here the very latest is shown, no "out of date" stuff, but all fresh new goods.

Summer Underwear.

WHEN WE SAY "SUMMER UNDERWEAR," WE MEAN THE THINEST. Just the proper thing for the Hot Weather.

By the way, we have about ten dozen Ladies' Balbriggan Vests,

low neck and short sleeves, which were 20c, will be sold for 15c or two for 25c. Very naturally you will ask why the reduction. We will tell you. They are very nice quality and perfect. The only thing is they are Balbriggan and not white.

Mattings and House Furnishings.

Don't think of purchasing Mattings or House Furnishings without looking at our line, which is second to none. Nothing is offered here except reliable goods. So remember, if it is cheap, shoddy stuff, you wish, we don't have it. It will be a pleasure to show you through and make prices, or if not convenient for you to come in, write for samples and prices.

Agent for "Her Majesty's Corsets" and Butterick's Patterns.

Leave your order with us for The Delineator.

A. D. BROWN,

je 13 tf NORTH FRONT STREET.

NEGLIGEE SHIRTS,

NEGLIGEE Shirts in Silk and Madras. Neckwear, Underwear, Half Hose, Handkerchiefs, Belts, etc

Suits to measure at short notice Our line English, Scotch and Dometic Suitings will please you. They are far above the average.

M. H. CURRAN,

je 25 tf 107 Princess street.

The C. W. Polvogt Co.

No. 9 North Front street.

Ladies' Gents' & Children's

Bathing Suits in Jersey, Mohair, Duck and Flannette. Full line of Bathing Caps,

15c to 75c.

Hammocks, Reed Portieres, Window Shades. Fifty styles of Matting to select from

10c to 40c per yard.

Just received 500 Umbrellas and Parasols. Ladies' and Gent's Gloria, 36 inches, beautiful handles,

$1.00 and upward.

July Standard Patterns and Designers now ready.

The C. W. Polvogt Co.

Sole Agents for the W. B. Corsets. See our 50c Summer Corset. je 11 tf

Price List for Summer Goods

Twenty-two dozen fine white and colored Ladies' Hats, sold first of season from $9.00 to $16.50 per dozen, now my price on the lot, 49c each. Some of them worth $2.00 retail—all nice up-to-date goods.

One hundred and forty rolls of new Summer Ribbon, worth 35c and 50c per yard; your choice now at 25c.

Six pieces fine Silk Mohair, in light and colors, 44 inches wide, worth wholesale $1.15, my price 63c. In light shades—pink, light green, olive green, old rose and tan. The goods are nearly three times as wide as Silk and much prettier—at 63c less than half price.

A nice line of $1.00 Nursery Corsets for 50c a piece.

Warner's rust proof Caroline Corsets, best Corset made, worth $1.25, my price 65c.

A drive in fine Kid Gloves, samples, at 75c and $1.00.

A big selection of Ladies' Chateline Bags and Purses at reduced prices, from 5c to 50c.

Twenty pairs of fine rare Wool Blankets to close out, 10-4, five pound Blankets, worth $4.00, now $2.99.

Men's Summer Coats, well made, at 29c. Nice Serge Coats and Vests from $3.50 to $6.00.

Serge Suits at $7.00.

Boys' Linen Crash Suits from 6 to 14 years old, for $1.00.

Twenty dozen Men's Silk Bosom fine dress Shirts, worth $1.00, my price 50 cents.

Men's fine Underwear 50c, shirts and pants, my price 39c. I will save you 11 cents on a garment.

Big line of sample Underwear at wholesale cost.

Ladies' tape neck and sleeves Vest, full size, worth 10c, my price 6c

Belt Buckles at reduced prices, from 5c to 50c. All styles represented.

Velvet Ribbon, all widths, fine trimming. Liberty Crenole Chiffon, extra wide and best quality, in colors only, for 49c, worth 75c. The best goods to be had.

The Racket leads in low prices and everybody knows it. Join the band of cash buyers and come and trade at the Racket, and get a valuable present free.

GEO. O. GAYLORD, Prop.

je 25 tf Near the Postoffice on Front street.

A BOSOM COMPANION!

A Waterman's PEN in your Vest Pocket will prove an acceptable Friend at all times. Call and make a selection from our large stock.

C. W. YATES & CO.,

Book Sellers and Stationers, Wilmington, N. C.

je 27 tf

CARRYING THINGS WITH A HIGH HAND.

We are in the sale of high grade Teas, Coffees, Canned Goods, Flour, Cereals and pure food products generally, because we sell a superior article at lower prices than can be found in this town for the same high grade quality. Everything in the Grocery line as well as Vegetables and Fruit, we keep fresh and pure, and at prices that can't be beat.

THE KING GROCERY CO.,

B. F. KING, MANAGER.

'Phone 39Y. Fourth Street Bridge

je 23 tf